

CANADIAN PROFESSIONAL RODEO ASSOCIATION



OBJECTS BY-LAWS AND RULES

• 2011 •



CANADIAN PROFESSIONAL RODEO ASSOCIATION

• OBJECTS, BY-LAWS AND RULES •

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**CANADIAN PROFESSIONAL RODEO ASSOCIATION
• OBJECTS •**

- (a) To promote and control professional rodeos and cowboys' contests and all other events, sports, competitions and undertakings which are directly or indirectly related thereto.
- (b) To organize, control, manage and supervise rodeo and rodeo events and all member professional cowboy and rodeo contestants for their mutual benefit, safety and protection and so as to raise the standard of professional rodeos and bring about a betterment in working conditions at rodeos and to protect such contestants from unfairness or unjust discrimination on the part of any person, company or association who may manage, carry on, or supervise rodeos.
- (c) To improve, define, enforce and approve the rules and regulations of professional rodeos.
- (d) To encourage, promote and to control, when possible, the honest advertising and accurate reporting of information and facts related to rodeos.
- (e) To publish information and to enter into contracts and arrangements with others for the purpose of publishing information related to rodeos and of advertising rodeos.

**CANADIAN PROFESSIONAL RODEO ASSOCIATION
• BY-LAWS •**

(As enacted by the Board of Directors on October 24, 1996 and sanctioned by the Members on November 8, 1996 including amendments sanctioned by the Members on November 9, 2001)

**1.00
INTERPRETATION**

1.01 Definitions

In these By-Laws and the Rules and Regulations of the Canadian Professional Rodeo Association, the terms hereinafter defined shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the following meanings:

"Act" means the Canada Corporations Act.

"Amateur Rodeo" means any rodeo other than an Approved Rodeo.

"Approved Rodeo" means a rodeo which has been approved by the Executive as a professional rodeo, and if the rodeo is being held in the United States of America, a rodeo which has been approved by the PRCA as a professional rodeo.

"Association" means the Canadian Professional Rodeo Association.

"Director" means a member of the Executive.

"Executive" means the Board of Directors of the Association.

"Good Standing" means a Member or Permit Holder who has paid his annual membership fees and dues and does not appear on the Association suspended list.

"Member" means any person who has been granted membership in the Association.

"Novice Event" means an event held at an Approved Rodeo which is classified by the Association a Novice Event.

"Permit" means the document granted by the Association to a

Permit Holder entitling the holder to participate in Approved Rodeos subject to the terms, conditions and restrictions upon which the Permit was issued.

"Permit Holder" means a person who is not a Member of the Association but who has been granted permission by the Association to participate in Approved Rodeos as provided herein.

"PRCA" means the Professional Rodeo Cowboys Association of the United States of America.

"Regular Member" means a Member of the Association other than an Honourary Member, Lifetime Member or any other class of Member which may be created by the Association not having all the privileges of a Regular Member.

"Rodeo Season" means the year commencing on October 1st (any rodeos that start on October 1st or later) and ending on September 30th (any rodeos that have started by September 30 will count for that year's Canadian standings) or such other consecutive 12 month period as determined by the Executive.

"Rules and Regulations" means the rules and regulations of the Association from time to time which govern the activities of the Association, its Members and Permit Holders.

1.02 Gender, etc.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words used herein importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine and neuter genders and vice versa and words importing the singular number shall include the plural and vice versa; person shall mean a natural person only; references herein to any agreement, license or other instrument shall be deemed to include references to such agreement, license or other instrument as varied or replaced from time to time; and references herein to any enactment or legislation shall be deemed to include references to such enactment or legislation as re-enacted, amended or extended from time to time.

1.03 Headings

The descriptive headings appearing in these By-Laws are inserted for convenience only and do not constitute a part of these By-Laws.

**2.00
SEAL AND EXECUTION OF INSTRUMENTS**

2.01 Corporate Seal

The Association shall adopt a corporate seal. The corporate seal adopted by the Association shall be such as may be approved by resolution of the Executive and shall include the name of the Association.

2.02 Execution of Instruments

Contracts, documents or instruments in writing requiring execution on behalf of the Association may be signed by:

- (a) the President together with the General Manager of the Association;
- (b) any two Directors; or
- (c) any one of the aforementioned Officers together with any one Director;

and all contracts, documents and instruments in writing so signed shall be binding upon the Association without any further authorization or formality. The Executive shall have power from time to time to appoint any Officer or Officers, or any person or persons, on behalf of the Association either to sign contracts, documents and instruments in writing generally or to sign specific contracts, documents or instruments in writing.

The corporate seal of the Association may be affixed to contracts, documents and instruments in writing signed as aforesaid or by any Officer or Officers, person or persons, appointed as aforesaid by the Executive but any such contract, document or instrument is not invalid merely because the corporate seal, if any, is not affixed thereto.

The term "contracts, documents or instruments in writing" as used in this by-law shall include deeds, mortgages, hypothecs, charges, conveyances, transfers and assignments of property, real or personal, immovable or movable, agreements, releases, receipts and discharges for the payment of money or other obligations, conveyances, transfers and assignments of shares, share warrants, stocks, bonds, debentures or other securities and all paper writings.

In particular without limiting the generality of the foregoing:

- (a) the President together with the General Manager of the Association;
- (b) any two Directors; or
- (c) any one of the aforementioned Officers together with any one Director;

shall have authority to sell, assign, transfer, exchange, convert or convey any and all shares, stocks, bonds, debentures, rights, warrants or other securities owned by or registered in the name of the Association and to sign and execute (under the seal of the Association or otherwise) all assignments, transfers, conveyances, powers of attorney and other instruments that may be necessary for the purpose of selling, assigning, transferring, exchanging, converting or conveying any such shares, stocks, bonds, debentures, rights, warrants or other securities.

3.00 MEMBERSHIP

3.01 General

Subject to the other provisions contained in these By-Laws and the Rules and Regulations, membership in the Association shall be open to such persons as the Executive may decide to admit and who are connected in any way with the sport of professional rodeo. The classes of membership in the Association and the rights and privileges pertaining to each class of membership including (without limitation) the right to vote shall be as set forth in this Article 3.00, unless and until otherwise determined by the Members.

3.02 Classes of Membership

The classes of membership in the Association shall be as follows:

(a) Regular Members

(i) Eligibility

The following shall constitute the categories of Regular Member of the Association:

Contestant Member - A professional rodeo contestant who has fulfilled all the requirements to become a full member of the Association.

Stock Contractor Member - Each approved stock contractor shall be entitled to one membership in the Association and shall appoint one person as its representative to exercise the rights of membership.

Rodeo Committee Member - Each rodeo committee that produces an Approved Rodeo shall be entitled to one membership in the Association and shall appoint one person as its represen-

tative to exercise the rights of membership.

Contract Personnel Member - A person who provides services at Approved Rodeos for which such person receives compensation.

(ii) Rights and Privileges

A Regular Member has all the rights and privileges as are set out in these By-Laws and the Rules and Regulations including the right to attend and vote at any Annual or Special General Meeting of the Association and on any postal ballot.

(iii) Other Requirements

Each Stock Contractor Member and Rodeo Committee Member must have on file with the Association, the name, address and phone number of the person who will act as its representative to exercise the rights of membership.

Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, unless otherwise determined by the Executive, the Association will determine the representative entitled to exercise membership rights for each Stock Contractor Member and Rodeo Committee Member in the following manner:

(a) Unincorporated Business

- (1) Stock Contractor - the individual whose name appears on the application for membership; and
- (2) Rodeo Committee - the individual whose name appears on the application for rodeo approval.

(b) Corporation Managed by Board of Directors

Any application for membership shall include the named representative, be signed by any two (2) directors, state the date of the meeting or resolution at which the board of directors appointed its representative and include a copy of the resolution certified by a director or senior officer of the corporation.

The Association must be promptly notified of the death or incapacity of a representative or sale of transfer of a business or corporation affecting the named representative. Such notification shall be made to the Secretary of the Association in a timely manner and must include the newly named representative in the manner aforesaid.

Any changes in named representatives will only be recognized and binding on the Association upon receipt of written notice as aforesaid.

(b) Lifetime Members

(i) Eligibility

A Regular Member in good standing who:

- (1) has paid membership fees and dues for a period of ten (10) consecutive years; and
- (2) is forty five (45) years of age or over

shall, on application by the Member in writing, be granted a lifetime membership in the Association.

A Contract Personnel Member and Stock Contractor Member shall be entitled to become a Lifetime Member provided they otherwise qualify and apply as provided above and further provided if they wish to continue to provide services or stock at Approved Rodeos

for compensation, they must pay the current membership fees and dues.

(ii) Rights and Privileges

A Lifetime Member shall be entitled to participate in any capacity at Approved Rodeos. However, a Lifetime Member must carry the insurance portion of the membership fees in order to be eligible to compete but shall not otherwise be required to pay membership fees and dues.

A Lifetime Member who has competed or participated in an Approved Rodeo in the current Rodeo Season shall be entitled to attend and vote at any Annual or Special General Meeting of the Association and on any postal ballot and shall be subject to these By-Laws and the Rules and Regulations in like manner as if he were a Regular Member, but he shall not otherwise be entitled to vote nor be entitled to any other benefit or privilege which may be provided by the Association to Members unless he pays the membership fees and dues payable by a Regular Member, or unless the Executive so decides that he shall be entitled to any such specific right, privilege or benefit.

(c) Honorary Members

(i) Eligibility

Upon application in writing, the Executive may grant to any person an honorary membership in the Association if that person:

- (1) has reached the age of forty-five (45) years and has won the Committee Man of the Year Award; or
- (2) has reached the age of fifty (50) years and has, in the opinion of the Executive, made an outstanding contribution to a specific rodeo or the sport of professional rodeo in general.

(ii) Rights and Privileges

An Honorary Member shall not be entitled to vote at any Annual or Special General Meeting of the Association or on any postal ballot, to participate at Approved Rodeos, or to receive any benefit or privilege which may be provided by the Association unless he has otherwise been accepted by the Association as a Regular Member and has paid the membership fees and dues which are payable by Regular Members.

(d) Non-Voting Members

(i) Eligibility

Subject to the other provisions contained in these By-Laws and the Rules and Regulations, the Executive may grant membership in the Association in the categories of Semi-Pro Members, Non-Contestant/Rodeo Personnel Members and such further categories as determined by the Executive.

(ii) Rights and Privileges

Non-Voting Members shall be entitled to attend but shall not be entitled to vote at any Annual or Special General Meeting of the Association or on any postal ballot and shall have the rights and privileges as set forth in the Rules and Regulations.

(e) Permit

(i) Eligibility

Subject to the other provisions contained in these By-Laws and the Rules and Regulations, a Permit may be granted to such persons as the Executive may decide and who are connected in any way with

the sport of professional rodeo.

(ii) Rights and Privileges

Subject to these By-Laws and the Rules and Regulations, the Executive may grant permission to Permit Holders to contest, work, perform or participate in Approved Rodeos upon such terms, conditions and restrictions as may be imposed by the Executive. A Permit Holder shall not be entitled to attend or vote at any Annual or Special General Meeting of the Association or on any postal ballot.

3.03 Restrictions

Members and Permit Holders shall be bound by, subject to and obliged to observe these By-Laws and the Rules and Regulations as they exist from time to time.

3.04 Application for Membership

Any person may apply for membership in the Association or for a Permit by filing with the Association a written application and release in such form or forms as may be prescribed from time to time by the Executive, and if the applicant is under eighteen (18) years of age, the application shall be consented to in writing by the parents or legal guardians of such person.

3.05 Fees

(a) Amount

Subject to the other provisions contained in these By-Laws and the Rules and Regulations, the Executive shall have the authority to determine the amount of the annual membership fees and dues payable each Rodeo Season by Regular Members and Permit Holders; PROVIDED HOWEVER, that the annual membership fees and dues payable shall not be increased without the approval of the Regular Members at a General Meeting of the Association or by postal ballot.

(b) Payment

Except as otherwise provided herein, the annual membership fees and dues for a Rodeo Season shall be paid by the Regular Members and Permit Holders at the office of the Association on or before the first day of the Rodeo Season or such other time as determined by the Executive.

A Regular Member or Permit Holder shall not be entitled or permitted to contest, work, perform or participate in any rodeo unless or until he is in Good Standing.

The membership fees and dues payable by Members of the PRCA who apply for membership in the Association shall be payable at those times and in the manner as provided in the then current agreement between the Association and the PRCA and, if so paid, such Member will be deemed to be in Good Standing.

A Member or Permit Holder who has not paid his annual membership fees and dues for a period of three (3) consecutive years shall automatically, without notice, lose his membership in the Association or Permit, as the case may be.

3.06 Fines and Suspensions

The Executive shall have the authority to fine and/or suspend any Member or Permit Holder and cancel the membership or Permit of any Member or Permit Holder who has not paid, when they are due, his annual membership fees and dues as provided herein or who is in breach of any of these By-Laws or the Rules or Regulations.

4.00 MEETINGS

4.01 Annual General Meeting

An Annual General Meeting of the Members of the Association shall be held at least once in every Rodeo Season contemporaneously with the Canadian Finals Rodeo or at such other time and place as may be decided by the Executive. Unless otherwise determined by the Members, Annual General Meetings shall be held in Canada.

The business of the Annual General Meeting shall be:

- (a) to present the nominees or appointees for the President and the Executive of the Association and to accept any further nominations for the President and the Executive;
- (b) to appoint the Auditor of the Association for the current financial year;
- (c) to receive and consider the Executive's report, the financial statements and the Auditor's reports thereon;
- (d) to ratify and confirm the acts of the Executive and Officers of the Association and any of their committees, delegates and agents; and
- (e) such other business as may be properly brought before the meeting.

4.02 Special General Meeting

The Executive may convene a meeting of Members, and shall convene a meeting of Members on the written requisition of at least twenty percent (20%) of the Members in Good Standing, at any time and place in Canada as determined by the Executive and any such meeting shall be called a Special General Meeting.

4.03 Notice

At least fourteen (14) days notice of all meetings shall be given to the Members and if the meeting is a Special General Meeting, the notice shall indicate the nature of the business which is proposed to be dealt with at the meeting and shall contain sufficient information to permit a Member to make a reasoned judgment on any decision to be taken. Any such notice shall also indicate that a Member may, subject to By-Law 4.09, be represented at the meeting by proxy.

4.04 Quorum

Ten (10) Regular Members who are entitled to vote and who are personally present shall constitute a quorum at any Annual or Special General Meeting of the Association.

4.05 Validity

The accidental omission to give notice to all Members of the Association, any irregularity in the notice, or the non-receipt by any Member of such notice, shall not invalidate any resolution passed or the proceedings taken at any meeting.

4.06 Chairman

The President, or in his absence, any other Director appointed in the meantime, shall preside as Chairman of every Annual or Special General Meeting of the Association.

4.07 Votes

Every question submitted to any meeting of Members shall be decided in the first instance by a show of hands unless a person entitled to vote at the meeting has demanded a ballot and in the case of an equality of votes the chairman of the meeting *shall not, on either a show of hands or on a ballot, have a second or casting vote.*

A ballot may be demanded either before or after any vote by show of hands by any person entitled to vote at the meeting. If at any meeting a ballot is demanded on the election of a chairman or on the question of adjournment it shall be taken forthwith without adjournment. If at any meeting a ballot is demanded on any other question, the vote shall be taken by ballot in such manner and either at once, later in the meeting or after adjournment as the chairman of the meeting directs. The result of a ballot shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the ballot was demanded. A demand for a ballot may be withdrawn.

At any meeting, unless a ballot is demanded, a declaration by the chairman of the meeting that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously or by a particular majority or lost or not carried by a particular majority shall be conclusive evidence of the fact.

4.08 Postal Ballot

Except as may be otherwise required by the Act, any matter or decision required to be determined or made by the Members or any group or committee of Members including any matter which may properly (or is required to) be brought before the Members at an Annual or Special General Meeting of the Association, may be decided by postal ballot in the manner hereinafter appearing in these By-Laws and any decision so made or matter so decided shall be binding on the Members and be as valid and effective as if it had been decided by resolution passed by the Members at a meeting of the Members duly called.

4.09 Proxies

Any Member entitled to be present and to vote at any Annual or Special General Meeting of Members may be represented at such meeting and vote on any matter properly brought before the meeting by any person (who need not be a Member) as proxy for the Member, provided that a written proxy signed by the Member in form acceptable to the Secretary is deposited with the Secretary prior to commencement of the Meeting.

5.00 THE EXECUTIVE

5.01 Powers of Directors

The management of the business and affairs of the Association shall be vested in the Executive, who, in addition to the powers and authorities by these presents or otherwise expressly conferred upon them, may exercise all such powers and do all acts and things as may be exercised or done by the Association and are not hereby or by the Act expressly directed or required to be exercised or done by the Members. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Executive shall have the power to approve, make, amend, repeal, replace and enforce the Rules and Regulations of the Association and to determine the requirements for a rodeo to qualify as an Approved Rodeo. Any changes to the Rules and Regulations are to be promptly communicated by the Executive to the Members. In addition, each Director shall perform such duties as may from time to time be assigned to them by the Executive.

5.02 Number

There shall be not less than four (4) nor more than ten (10) Directors at any one time unless otherwise determined at an Annual or Special General Meeting. The President of the Association shall be a Director and shall serve as Chairman of the Board during his term of office.

5.03 Eligibility

A Director must be a Regular Member in Good Standing and a Canadian citizen. Any person representing or in the employ of a major sponsor of the Association is ineligible to sit on the Executive or to be an Officer of the Association. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

5.04 Event Representative Committee

The Executive shall form a committee, to be known as the "Event Representative Committee", consisting of a representative from each major event elected by the Members who compete in that event, with such duties and powers as may be determined by the Executive. The procedure for nomination and election of the members of the Event Representative Committee shall be the same as for election of Directors as set forth in By-Laws 5.05 and 7.01 hereof. The election of the Event Representative Committee will be conducted in such a way that the term of office of timed event representatives and riding event representatives will be staggered.

5.05 Election and Nomination

Unless it is otherwise determined at an Annual or Special General Meeting of the Association, in addition to the President, eight (8) Directors shall be elected or appointed to the Executive in the following manner and by the following persons:

- (a) two (2) Contestant Directors representing timed events appointed by the Event Representative Committee;
- (b) two (2) Contestant Directors representing riding events appointed by the Event Representative Committee;
- (c) two (2) Stock Contractor Directors, one (1) elected by all Regular Members and one (1) elected by the Stock Contractor Members only; and
- (d) two (2) Rodeo Committee Directors elected by all Association Rodeo Committees holding an Approved Rodeo during the Rodeo Season in which the election takes place with each Rodeo Committee having one (1) vote.

The Directors from each category referred to above shall serve staggered terms of office. Prior to each Annual General Meeting, the Secretary shall provide notice to the Members of the Directors to be elected. After September 1 (or such other date as determined by the Executive) of each year, the Secretary shall send a nomination form to each Member by ordinary post. Nominations for the office of Director shall be submitted in writing to the Secretary of the Association prior to termination of the Annual General Meeting.

The election of Directors shall be conducted as soon as reasonably possible following the Annual General Meeting by postal ballot in the manner hereinafter appearing in these By-Laws.

Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the following conditions shall apply to the nominations for the Executive:

- (a) Only a Member in Good Standing shall be entitled to be nominated as a Director or to nominate a Director.
- (b) A nomination must clearly indicate the Director position to which the nomination relates, be signed by the nominator and be signed by the nominee and endorsed with his consent to act as a Director of the Association.
- (c) Event Contestant Representative
 - (i) a Nomination of a Contestant Member must be signed by three (3) members, one (1) of whom must be an active Contestant Member in the same event as the nominee; or
 - (ii) three (3) members actively competing in the same event as the nominee must sign the nomination of a Contestant Member not actively competing in the event.
- (d) Stock Contractor Directors
 - (i) with regard to the position elected by all Regular Members,

the nomination must be signed by two (2) Members, one (1) of whom is a Stock Contractor Member; and

- (ii) with regard to the position elected by Stock Contractor Members, the nomination must be signed by one (1) Stock Contractor Member.

(e) Rodeo Committee Directors

- (i) two (2) Members must sign the nomination, one (1) of which is a Rodeo Committee Member.

5.06 Term of Office

The Directors shall be appointed or elected to hold office for a term not longer than two (2) years.

5.07 Removal from Office

The office of Director shall be automatically vacated:

- (a) on resignation of the Director by delivery of a written resignation to the General Manager;
- (b) if the Director is found to be a lunatic or becomes of unsound mind;
- (c) on bankruptcy of the Director or if the Director is declared insolvent;
- (d) if at a Special General Meeting of Members, a resolution is passed by three-quarters of the Members present at the meeting that the Director be removed from office; or
- (e) on death of the Director.

5.08 Casual Vacancy

Subject to maintaining the representation on the Executive required by By-Law 5.05, the Executive shall have power to appoint any Member as a Director to fill a casual vacancy in the Executive.

5.09 Delegation and Committees

The Executive may delegate any of their powers to any other person or persons and appoint such committees as they think fit, with such duties and responsibilities and upon such other terms and conditions as determined by the Executive, and may at any time revoke such delegation or appointment, and any such person or persons or committees so appointed shall, in the exercise of powers so delegated conform to these By-Laws and the Rules and Regulations and to any other requirements that may from time to time be imposed upon him or them by the Executive.

The Executive may, but shall not be required to appoint Members or other persons to represent the Association in any district, Province or Territory in Canada, and to delegate to them such powers and authorities as the Executive may determine.

5.10 Remuneration

A Director, delegate or committee member shall not (as such) be entitled to any remuneration for his services; PROVIDED HOWEVER, if any Director, delegate or committee member is called upon to perform extra services for the Association, as determined by the Executive, the Association may remunerate him for the said services by such sum as may be determined by the Executive. A Director, delegate or committee member is entitled to be reimbursed by the Association for his reasonable out-of-pocket expenses in carrying out his duties as a Director, delegate or committee member of the Association.

5.11 Managing Director

The Executive may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to be the Managing Director or Directors of the Association, either for a fixed term or without any limitation as to the period

for which he or they are to hold office with such duties and responsibilities as determined by the Executive. Subject to the provisions of any contract between the Managing Director(s) and the Association, the Directors may remove or dismiss the Managing Director(s) from office and appoint another or others in his or their place.

The Managing Director(s) shall be subject to the same provisions in these By-Laws as between the Association and its Directors, including provisions as to resignation and removal. If the Managing Director(s) cease to hold the office of Director for any reason he or they shall immediately cease to be Managing Director(s).

The remuneration of the Managing Director(s) shall, subject to the provisions of any contract between the Managing Director(s) and the Association, be fixed by the Executive.

5.12 Agents and Employees

The Executive may appoint such agents and engage such employees as it shall deem necessary from time to time and such persons shall have such authority and shall perform such duties as described by the Executive at the time of such appointment.

5.13 Meetings of Executive

(a) Convening Meeting

Meetings of the Executive may be held at such time and at such place in Canada as shall be determined by the Executive. The President alone may, or the General Manager shall, at the request of two Directors, convene a meeting of the Executive.

(b) Notice

Meetings of the Executive may be held at any time without formal notice if all the Directors are present or those absent have signified their consent in writing to the meeting being held in their absence. Notice of any meeting where notice has not been dispensed with, shall be delivered, sent by ordinary mail, sent by facsimile or communicated by telephone to each Director at his ordinary address, facsimile number or telephone number fourteen (14) days prior to such meeting in case of notice by mail and otherwise four (4) days prior to such meeting, which shall be sufficient notice of any meeting of the Directors. In computing such period of days, the day on which such notice is delivered, mailed, sent by facsimile or communicated by telephone shall be included, and the day for which notice is given shall be excluded. Notice of any meeting or any irregularity in any meeting or in the notice thereof, may be waived by any Director. The Directors may by resolution appoint a regular time and place for meetings, and no further or other notice of such time and place than the entry of such resolution upon the minutes of the meeting at which it was passed shall be necessary. Immediately upon the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting a meeting of the Directors shall be held and no notice of such meeting shall be necessary.

(c) Quorum

A majority of the Directors shall constitute a Quorum. Questions arising at any Executive meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of equality of votes, the Chairman shall not have a second or casting vote.

(d) Validity of Acts

A meeting of the Executive at which a Quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions by or under these By-Laws, the Rules and Regulations or by law for the time being vested in or to be exercised by the Executive generally, and any person or persons

to whom authority is delegated by the Executive hereunder shall, notwithstanding that it shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in his or their appointment, or that he or they were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person was duly appointed or qualified.

5.14 Resolution in Writing

A resolution signed by all Directors of the Association shall be as valid and effective as if it had been passed at a duly constituted meeting of the Executive.

6.00 OFFICERS

6.01 General

The Officers of the Association shall be the:

(a) President; and

(b) General Manager

and such other Officers as may be determined from time to time by the Executive. The Officers of the Association shall receive such remuneration as determined by the Executive and shall perform such duties as may from time to time be assigned to them by the Executive.

All Officers of the Association other than the President and Honourary Officers shall be appointed by the Executive for a term of office and with such powers, duties and responsibilities as determined by the Executive and may be removed from office by the Executive. The Members at an Annual Meeting may appoint any person an Honourary Officer of the Association.

6.02 President

(a) Eligibility

Any Regular Member in Good Standing who is a Canadian citizen is eligible for nomination for President of the Association. The President shall be a Director of the Association and Chairman of the Board during his term in Office.

(b) Term

The President shall be elected by all Members of the Association for a term of office of two (2) years and may be removed from office prior to the expiration of his term by the Members, in which case the Members shall elect a new President to serve for the unexpired term of the President so removed.

(c) Election and Nomination

After September 1 (or such other date as determined by the Executive) of each year when the President is to be elected, the Secretary shall send a nomination form to each Member by ordinary post. Nominations for the office of President shall be submitted in writing to the Secretary of the Association prior to termination of the Annual General Meeting in any year in which the President is to be elected. Only a Member in Good Standing shall be entitled to nominate another Member in Good Standing to hold the office of President of the Association. A nomination must be signed by five (5) Members in Good Standing and have the consent of the nominee to act as the President of the Association endorsed and signed thereon.

The election of the President shall be conducted as soon as reasonably possible following the Annual General Meeting by postal ballot in the manner hereinafter appearing in these

By-Laws.

(d) Duties

The President shall preside and act as chairman at all meetings of the Members of the Association and of the Executive. If the President is absent or disabled, the Executive shall appoint a person to perform the President's duties in his absence. The President shall perform such further duties as required by these By-Laws, the Rules and Regulations or as determined by the Executive.

6.03 General Manager

(a) Eligibility

Any person who is a Canadian citizen shall be eligible to serve as General Manager of the Association.

Unless such requirement is waived by the Executive, the General Manager, before assuming or acting upon any of his duties or functions, shall first take out a fidelity bond satisfactory to the Executive for the due performance of his duties and the protection of the Association.

(b) Appointment and Term

The General Manager shall be appointed by the Executive for such term of office as determined by the Executive.

(c) Duties

The General Manager shall be responsible for the day to day management of the business and affairs of the Association and shall perform such duties and have such responsibilities as determined by the Executive. The General Manager shall also serve as the Secretary of the Association and shall keep the minutes and other reports of the Association, the Members and the Executive. He shall conduct official correspondence and be responsible for the safe custody of the corporate seal, and of all records and documents relating to the Association. He shall keep a thorough and accurate account of all money received by him and shall deposit the same in the name of the Association in such depository as shall be designated by the Executive. He shall not disburse any of the moneys of the Association except by cheque drawn on such depository and signed by him on behalf of the Association. At each Annual General Meeting he shall make a full report of the financial condition of the Association which must be audited by the Auditor of the Association between the end of the financial year and the next Annual General Meeting.

(d) Books and Records

The General Manager shall keep or cause to be kept proper books of account and records of the Association and of all financial transactions and contracts entered into by the Association.

The books and records of the Association may be inspected by any Member in Good Standing at the office of the General Manager during regular business hours.

**7.00
GENERAL**

7.01 Postal Ballot

In the event that any matter requiring the decision or approval of the Members or any group of Members is to be determined by postal ballot, the Secretary of the Association shall publish a written description of the matter to be voted on at least twice in the Canadian Rodeo News or other official publication of the Association and thereafter the Auditor of the Association shall send such

written description to each Member who is entitled to vote on such matter by ordinary post addressed to the Member at his last known address on the records of the Association, together with a written ballot in such form as approved by the Executive allowing the Member to vote on the matter. The Member shall be given a reasonable time as determined by the Executive to complete and return the ballot to the Auditor. The votes shall be tabulated by the Auditor of the Association who shall report the results thereof to the Secretary. The Secretary shall within a reasonable time report such results to the Members. The decision of the Executive shall be conclusive and binding upon the Association and the Members in respect of any procedural matter relating to a postal ballot.

7.02 Amendment of By-Laws

The By-Laws of the Association may be enacted, repealed or amended by a resolution enacted by a majority of the Directors at a meeting of the Executive, or by a petition signed by twenty percent (20%) of the Members in Good Standing and, in either case, sanctioned by an affirmative vote of at least two-thirds (2/3) of the Members who cast their vote on a postal ballot or who are present in person or by proxy at a Special General Meeting duly called for the purpose of considering the said resolution; PROVIDED THAT the enactment, repeal or amendment of the By-Law shall not be enforced or acted upon until the approval of the Minister of Industry has been obtained in accordance with the Act.

7.03 Auditors

At each Annual General Meeting the Members shall appoint an Auditor to audit the accounts of the Association. The Auditor shall hold office until the next Annual General Meeting, PROVIDED that the Executive may fill any casual vacancy in the office of Auditor. The remuneration of the Auditor shall be fixed by the Executive.

7.04 Financial Year

The financial year of the Association shall be the Rodeo Season unless otherwise determined by the Executive.

7.05 Assumption of Risk and Release and Indemnity

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein contained and, in particular, the fact that any Member or Permit Holder may not have filed a written application and release as provided herein, each Member and Permit Holder shall be deemed to have entered into an agreement with the Association wherein the said Member or Permit Holder agrees to the following:

"Members and Permit Holders acknowledge that rodeos generally are dangerous activities by their inherent nature and that participation in a rodeo as a competitor, independent contractor, official, labourer, volunteer or observer in areas to which access to the general public is restricted (including, without limitation, the rodeo arena, competition area, chutes, pens and other areas reserved and intended for use or access by the rodeo participants or otherwise restricted to the general public) exposes the participant to substantial and serious hazards and risks of property damage, personal injury and/or death. Members acknowledge that their participation in Association sanctioned rodeos likewise involves such hazards and risks. Being fully aware that participation in an Association sanctioned rodeo will result in exposure to substantial and serious hazards and risks of property damage, personal injury and/or death, each Member and Permit Holder, in consideration of being permitted to participate in the Association sanctioned rodeo in any capacity, does by such participation agree to assume such hazards and risks and does thereby discharge, waive, and release the Association, Association properties, all sponsors, all other Members and Permit Holders (including, without limitation, Contestants, Stock Contractors, Rodeo Producers and Contract Personnel), any Rodeo Committee, and any other Association sanctioned rodeo production entity involved in the sanctioning, production, organization, conduct, sponsoring and/or performance of the subject rodeo (and such persons'

or entities' affiliated, related or subsidiary companies and their respective officers, directors, employees and agents) from all claims, demands and liabilities for any and all property damage, personal injury and/or death or other responsibility arising from such Member's or Permit Holder's participation in the Association sanctioned rodeo, including claims, demands, liabilities and other responsibilities that are known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, future or contingent, and whether or not such claims, demands, liabilities, and other responsibilities are occasioned by the negligence of the parties so released by such Member or Permit Holders, by the hazards and risks so assumed by such Member or Permit Holder, or otherwise. Such Member or Permit Holder shall not now or at any time in the future, directly or indirectly, commence or prosecute any action, suit or other proceeding against the parties so released arising out of, or related to, the claims, demands, liabilities and other responsibilities so discharged, waived and released by such Member or Permit Holder. The undertakings and covenants of the foregoing provisions shall be binding upon each Member and Permit Holder, his or her spouse, heirs, legal representatives, successors, and assigns."

7.06 Prohibition

The Association shall not sanction, approve nor in any way participate nor allow its Members to compete in a rodeo which requires Members to compete as a team in the major events without approval of the full Executive.

7.07 Notice

Any notice or other communication required to be given to Members hereunder or pursuant to the Rules and Regulations shall be validly given if published in the Canadian Rodeo News or other official publication of the Association or by ordinary post to the last address of each member on the records of the Association.

7.08 Consent to Use Name and Likeness

Any Member of the CPRA who enters or otherwise participates in a CPRA sanctioned event, any official or staff of the event, and all other persons admitted to the event shall, as a condition of and in consideration of participation, admission or other involvement therein, be deemed to consent to CPRA ownership of all rights in and to his or her appearance or other involvement therein. The CPRA shall have the right, and may permit others as it sees fit, to dispense, reproduce, and otherwise use any such person's name, voice, likeness, biography, photograph and other pictures in connection with the advertisement and promotion of a CPRA-sanctioned event or the sport of rodeo. However, such advertisement and promotion shall not be made in conjunction with any statement constituting an endorsement by such person of any product or service, unless that person's consent thereto is first obtained. A Member of the CPRA who participates in a CPRA-sanctioned event authorizes the CPRA to act in the Member's behalf as well as in behalf of the CPRA in engaging in promotional activities relating to the conduct of the sport of rodeo

8.00 INDEMNIFICATION

8.01 Third Party and Derivative Actions

The Association shall indemnify and save harmless any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (including an action by or in right of the Association), by reason of the fact that he is or was a Director, officer, fiduciary, employee or agent of the Association, or is or was serving at the request of the Association as a Director, officer, fiduciary, employee or agent of another corporation, firm, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses (including legal fees on a solicitor and his own client full indemnity basis), judgments, fines and amounts paid or necessarily incurred, in settlement or otherwise, by him in connection with

such action, suit or proceeding, provided that such person meets the applicable standard of conduct, as set forth in By-Law 8.02, and does not fall under any of the instances set forth in By-Law 8.03 for which indemnification is prohibited. Such indemnification shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which the Director, officer, agent, fiduciary, employee or other person serving at the Association's request is entitled to by law or under any agreement or otherwise.

8.02 Standards of Conduct

Except as provided in By-Law 8.03 below, the Association shall indemnify and save harmless any person listed in By-Law 8.01 above if (i) such person conducted himself honestly in good faith and exercised the care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise in comparable circumstances, (ii) such person reasonably believed (A) in the case of a Director acting in his official capacity, that his conduct was in the best interests of the Association, or (B) in all other cases, that such person's conduct was at least not opposed to the best interests of the Association, and (iii) in the case of any criminal proceeding, such person had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful. For purposes of determining the applicable standard of conduct under this By-Law 8.02, any person acting in his official capacity who is also a Director of the Association shall be held to the standard of conduct set forth in subsection (ii)(A), even if such party is sued solely in a capacity other than as such Director.

8.03 Indemnification Prohibited

Except as hereinafter set forth in this By-Law 8.03, the Association shall not indemnify a person under this Article either (i) in connection with any action, suit or proceeding in which the person is or has been adjudged liable for gross negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of the person's duty to the Association or (ii) in connection with any action, suit or proceeding charging improper personal benefit to the person, whether or not involving action in the person's official capacity, in which the person was adjudged liable on the basis that personal benefit was improperly received by the person (even if the Association was not thereby damaged). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Association shall indemnify any such person if and to the extent required by the Court conducting the action, suit or proceeding, or any other Court of competent jurisdiction to which the person has applied, if it is determined by such Court, upon application by the person, that despite the adjudication of liability in the circumstances in subsections (i) and (ii) of this By-Law 8.03 or whether or not the person met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in By-Law 8.02, and in view of all relevant circumstances, the person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnification for such expenses as the Court deems proper.

8.04 Determination

Any indemnification under By-Law 8.01 (unless otherwise provided herein or ordered by a Court) shall be made by the Association only as authorized in the specific case upon a determination that indemnification of the Director, officer, employee, fiduciary, agent or person serving at the Association's request is proper in the circumstances because he has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in By-Law 8.02. Such determination shall be made (a) by the Executive by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of Directors who were not parties to such action, suit or proceeding, or (b) if a majority of the disinterested Directors so directs, based upon a written opinion of independent legal counsel, or (c) by the affirmative vote of the majority of the Members entitled to vote and be represented at a Special General Meeting or postal ballot called for such purpose. However, if and to the extent that a Director, officer, employee, fiduciary or agent of the Association, or person serving at the Association's request has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any action, suit or proceeding referred to in By-Law 8.01, or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein, he shall automatically be indemnified against expenses (including legal fees or a solicitor and his own client full

indemnity basis) actually and necessarily incurred by him in connection therewith without the necessity of any such determination that he has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in By-Law 8.02.

8.05 Payment in Advance

Expenses incurred in defending any such action, suit or proceeding may be paid by the Association in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit or proceeding as authorized by the Executive in the manner provided in By-Law 8.04, upon receipt of a written affirmation under oath by the Director, officer, employee, fiduciary, agent or person serving at the Association's request that such person has met the standard of conduct outlined in By-Law 8.02 and a written undertaking that such person will repay such amount if and when it should ultimately be determined that he is not entitled to be indemnified by the Association pursuant to this Article 8.00.

8.06 Insurance

The Board of Directors may exercise the Association's power to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a Director, officer, employee, fiduciary or agent of the Association, or is or was serving at the request of the Association as a Director, officer, employee, fiduciary or agent, against any liability asserted against him and incurred by him in any such capacity, or arising out of his status as such, whether or not the Association would have the power to indemnify him against such liability hereunder or otherwise.

8.07 Other Coverage

The indemnification provided by this Article 8.00 shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which persons seeking indemnification may be entitled, both as to action in his official capacity or as to action in another capacity while holding such office, and shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a Director, officer, employee, fiduciary, agent or person serving at the Association's request, and shall enure to the benefit of the respective heirs and personal representatives of such persons.

9.00

DIRECTOR'S DISCLOSURE, ETC.

9.01 No Disqualification

No Director shall be disqualified from his office by, or vacate his office by reason of, holding any office or place of profit under or through the Association or by reason of being otherwise in any way directly or indirectly interested or contracting with the Association either as vendor, purchaser, supplier of goods or services, or otherwise or being concerned in any contract or arrangement made or proposed to be entered into with the Association in which he is in any way directly or indirectly interested either as vendor, purchaser, supplier of goods or services, or otherwise, nor shall any Director be liable to account to the Association or any of its Members for any profit arising from any such office or place of profit, and no contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of

the Association in which any Director shall be in any way directly or indirectly interested shall be void or voidable and no Director shall be liable to account to the Association or any of its Members for any profit realized by or from any such contract or arrangement by reason of any fiduciary relationship.

9.02 Disclosure

Every Director and Officer shall declare any material interest in respect of a material transaction, material contract, proposed material contract or proposed material transaction with the Association in which such Director or Officer is in any way directly or indirectly interested and such Director shall refrain from voting in respect of such contract, proposed contract or transaction.

9.03 Directors and Officers Not Liable

Except as otherwise provided by law, no Director or Officer for the time being of the Association shall be liable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other Director, Officer or employee or for joining in any receipt or act for conformity or for any loss, damage or expense happening to the Association through the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired by the Association or for or on behalf of the Association or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of or belonging to the Association shall be placed or invested or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency or tortious act of any person, firm or corporation including any person, firm or corporation with whom or which any moneys, securities or effects shall be lodged or deposited or for any loss, conversion, misapplication or misappropriation of or any damage resulting from any dealings with any moneys, securities or other assets belonging to the Association or for any other loss, damage or misfortune whatever which may happen in the execution of the duties of his respective office or trust or in relation thereto unless the same shall happen by or through his failure to exercise the powers and to discharge the duties of his office honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Association and in connection therewith to exercise the care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise in comparable circumstances. The Directors for the time being of the Association shall not be under any duty or responsibility in respect of any contract, act or transaction whether or not made, done or entered into in the name or on behalf of the Association, except such as shall have been submitted to and authorized or approved by the Executive. If any Director or Officer of the Association shall be employed by or shall perform services for the Association otherwise than as a Director or Officer or shall be a member of a firm or a shareholder, director or officer of a company which is employed by or performs services for the Association, the fact of his being a Director or Officer of the Association shall not disentitle such Director or officer or such firm or company, as the case may be, from receiving proper remuneration for such services.

• NOTES •

**CANADIAN PROFESSIONAL RODEO ASSOCIATION
• RULES •**

SECTION I - MEMBERSHIP

A. General

1. The annual dues and fees payable in 2011 by a regular member are: four hundred and thirty four dollars (\$434), plus GST where applicable. This amount includes: membership dues, subscription to the *Canadian Rodeo News*; a Sports Medicine fee; and, personal accident and disability insurance (Class 1). A ten dollar (\$10) discount will apply on regular membership renewals paid prior to January 31, providing all of the necessary documents accompany the renewal dues.
2. If membership dues are not paid before March 1st of each year, an additional fee of twenty dollars (\$20) will be assessed.
3. By becoming a member of the Canadian Professional Rodeo Association, a member releases to the Association, the right to use their name and/or picture for the good of the Association or of the sport of rodeo as long as there is no commercial endorsement or resale involved.
4. The Association Board will expect the co-operation of any member when called upon by one of the Association officials to represent the Association's interests regarding enforcement of rules at any approved rodeo, or in any matter of official business.
5. All contestants are required to read the rules carefully, particularly those relating to the contests or events in which they enter. Failure to understand rules will not be accepted as an excuse.
6. At such time as any member of the Association is approached by a rodeo committee for the purpose of asking that member to sign autographs, interviews on radio or television, etc; for the purpose of advertising, the member will be expected by the Association to co-operate to their utmost.
7. Television
 - (a) Without the prior written approval of the Association, no member may appear in any contest rodeo event for television.

Contestants shall not be required to contest or appear, nor shall the management or producers require contestants to contest or appear, directly or indirectly, in television, film recording, visual and/or sound recording, or the like, in connection with any approved rodeo without first securing written consent of the Association.
 - (b) Without the prior written approval of the Association, no member may appear in any contest rodeo event for television.
 - (c) Contestants shall not be required to contest or appear, nor shall the management or producers require contestants to contest or appear, directly or indirectly, in television, film recording, visual and/or sound recording, or the like, in connection with any approved rodeo without first securing written consent of the Association.
8. Membership and permit renewals will be granted when all outstanding accounts are paid in full to the Association.
 - (a) However, if any accounts are past due for sixty (60) days, member will be subject to posting a bond at the discretion of the Association Management (General Manager or Rodeo Administrator) before being removed from the ineligible list.
9. Personal Accident Insurance Claims: To be eligible, contestant must be injured at an Association sanctioned rodeo, including travel to and from such events.
 - (a) Claimant must file Proof of Claim in duplicate within thirty (30) days of the date claimant was disabled.
 - (b) The claim must be signed by the claimant.
 - (c) The physician's certificate must be completed and signed by the physician.
 - (d) To be eligible to collect benefits, a member must be in good standing with the Association. Approved disability claims will commence on the thirty first (31st) day of disability, if such disability has continued uninterrupted for thirty (30) days, benefits of three hundred dollars (\$300) per week will be paid for a maximum of twenty- six (26) weeks. The term disabled will apply only to the contestant who because of injury sustained as stipulated in (Rule 9, a) are unable to perform all regular duties at work or in the rodeo arena.
 - (e) The policy has been endorsed as of 2010 to include a maximum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for accidental dental and ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for accidental medical expense reimbursement.
 - (f) The coverage for U.S. citizens will be limited to accident medical expense reimbursement for professional ambulance transportation to the nearest facilities equipped to provide the necessary treatment only.
10. When the qualification of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) in one (1) rodeo season is filled, a semi-pro member will have the option to purchase a full membership. If a semi-pro member elects to purchase a full membership at this time, earnings will be carried over to the full membership and count towards the current standings. If a semi-pro member does not purchase full membership and continues to compete on a semi-pro card, no earnings will be transferred to a full card later in the rodeo season. The Association will not advise semi-pros when their card is filled, this is the individual's responsibility.
 - (a) Regular members may renounce their full membership status with the Association and revert back to semi-pro status. Such a member would have to remain at a semi-pro level for the remainder of the rodeo season without an option to change their status until the following rodeo season. To re-obtain a full membership with the Association, they must win one thousand dollars (\$1,000) within a rodeo season.
 - (b) Earnings on a semi-pro card will count toward rookie standings the first season a semi-pro member elects to purchase a full membership. A semi-pro will only be eligible for the rookie award once.
 - (c) The annual dues and fees payable in 2011 by a semi-pro member are: four hundred and fifty nine dollars (\$459), plus GST where applicable. This amount includes: semi-pro membership dues, subscription to the *Canadian Rodeo News*; a Sports Medicine fee; personal accident and disability insurance (Class 1); and an Assurance Fund charge. The administration cost to upgrade the semi-pro card to a full membership or revert from a full membership to semi-pro status is fifty dollars (\$50).
 - (d) American, Australian and New Zealand citizens must be full members of their respective professional rodeo associations before a full Canadian Professional Rodeo Association membership will be issued. This will also apply if a permit or semi-pro card is filled in Canada.
 - (e) The CPRA will grant semi pro memberships for one (1)

year to a person who has won the season leader category or the finals championship of a CPRA recognized amateur association. If it is the same person, the next eligible contestant in the regular season standings will be eligible to apply for a semi pro card. No further contestants will be eligible. Only CPRA major and major optional events will be eligible to apply for semi pro status from recognized amateur associations. The CPRA reserves the right to select the associations it recognizes. If an association is selected they must honour the CPRA's ineligible list, the CPRA will in return honour theirs.

- (f) The novice saddle bronc and novice bareback champion, as decided at the Canadian Finals Rodeo (CFR), is eligible for a semi-pro membership status the following year.

B. Non-Member Permit Holders

1. Non-members may purchase permits to contest at Association approved rodeos. The annual dues and fees payable in 2011 by a permit holder are: three hundred and thirty two dollars and eighty cents (\$332.80) plus GST where applicable. This amount includes: permit holder dues, subscription to the Canadian Rodeo News; a Sports Medicine fee; personal accident and disability insurance (Class 2); and, an Assurance Fund charge. All permits will expire on December 31 and must be renewed yearly.
 - (a) In order to compete on a permit in saddle bronc, bareback & bull riding, a contestant must be eighteen (18) years of age or over.
 - (b) In order to compete on a permit in the three (3) novice events of saddle bronc riding, bareback riding and bull riding, contestants must turn sixteen (16) years old during the rodeo season in question.
2. Each permit holder has the option of purchasing a semi-pro membership with the Association after accumulating one thousand dollars (\$1,000) in one of the major events or major optional events in an unlimited number of rodeo seasons.
 - (a) The Association will not advise non-member permit holders or semi-pro members when their card is filled. Each individual is responsible to calculate their own earnings. No letter of notification will be sent from the Association office.
3. Permit holders are bound by all Association rules while competing at Association rodeos.
4. Permit holders under the age of 21 years of age on December 31 for the season in question are eligible to compete in the novice events. For example, for the 2011 season contestants must be under 21 years of age on December 31, 2010.
5. Former members who have not paid dues during the last three (3) dues-paying years may be issued permits, provided they are in good standing with the Association at the time they apply for a permit.
6. The annual dues and fees payable in 2011 by a steer rider permit holder are: two hundred and nineteen dollars and thirty cents (\$219.30) plus GST where applicable. This amount includes: annual dues, subscription to the Canadian Rodeo News; a Sports Medicine fee; personal accident and disability insurance (Class 2); and, an Assurance Fund charge. To qualify, applicant must be eleven (11) years of age as of January 1, 2011, and under fourteen (14) years of age as of December 31, 2010. To be valid, application must be in writing and must be signed by both parents (if living) or all of their guardians. Also required is a copy of the birth certificate, before card will be issued.

C. Non-Contestant Members, Permit Holders and Rodeo Personnel, Etc.

1. All rodeo personnel, including timers, announcers, clowns,

bullfighters, flankmen, photographers, secretaries, contract acts and pickup men must be members of the Association.

2. The annual dues and fees payable in 2011 by a non-contestant associate member shall be one hundred and sixteen dollars and forty cents (\$116.40) plus GST where applicable and shall include a one (1) year subscription to *Canadian Rodeo News*.
3. The annual dues and fees payable in 2011 for a secretary card will be one hundred and seventy two dollars and eighty cents (\$172.80) plus GST where applicable, and shall include a subscription to *Canadian Rodeo News* and personal accident and disability insurance (Class 2). New applicants must send a resume to the Association office for Board approval.
4. The annual dues and fees payable in 2011 for a timer card shall be one hundred and sixty nine dollars and thirty cents (\$169.30) plus GST where applicable, and shall include a subscription to *Canadian Rodeo News* and personal accident and disability insurance (Class 2). New applicants must send a resume to the Association office for Board approval.
5. Non-contestant members and non-contestant permit holders will not be entitled to contest in any Association approved events.
6. The annual dues and fees payable in 2011 for photographers and contract members' (i.e. pick-up men, flankmen, bullfighters, clowns, contract acts, and announcers) are four hundred and thirty four dollars (\$434) plus GST where applicable. This amount includes: annual dues, subscription to the *Canadian Rodeo News*; a Sports Medicine fee; personal accident and disability insurance (Class 1). A ten dollar (\$10) discount will apply on contract membership renewals paid prior to January 31, providing all necessary documents accompany the renewal dues.

If membership dues are not paid before March 1st of each year, an additional fee of twenty dollars (\$20) will be assessed.
7. The Board of Directors will recognize an official spokesperson for the contract membership. The spokesperson will represent the contract members on the rules committee with voting privileges on issues pertaining to contract membership.
8. Contract members are eligible to enter Association approved rodeos in those events in which permits are accepted.
9. Contract personnel who work a rodeo without a valid membership will be fined two hundred dollars (\$200) for each violation. All contract memberships must be renewed two (2) days prior to the start of the rodeo in question.
10. Any contract person not fulfilling contract obligations will be subject to a fine, suspension, or both.
11. The following guidelines are in place in order to be considered for a new CPRA contract personnel membership card.
 - (a) List 3 amateur rodeos the applicant will be working in the year of application
 - (b) Prior to being approved for membership, the applicant will be subject to a review by an approved representative of the CPRA.
 - (c) The applicant will post a non-refundable five hundred dollar (\$500) fee, submitted to the CPRA, to be used to defray the costs of the review, excluding pick up men, flankmen and bullfighters.
 - (d) All new applicants will be subject to a one (1) year probationary period.
 - (e) If the applicant lists less than three (3) rodeos they will

be working in the year of application, there will be no guarantee of a review for that year. If there are in fact less than three (3) rodeos listed in the year of application, the applicant may be subject to a requirement to re-apply for the membership.

12. Any announcer applications for an Association announcer's card will not be approved if the applicant is an American without a PRCA membership.
13. Bullfighters who do not hold a PRCA card must fill the following qualifications: For a bullfighter to obtain a card to fight bulls at Association rodeos, they must fight bulls on a permit at six (6) Association approved rodeos with a qualified Association bullfighter card holder who has been hired to fight bulls at the rodeo(s) in question, and be approved by the Association Board; or have the Association bull riding representative, an Association stock contractor and an Association bullfighter with a valid Association card sign their application.

After following the Association guideline in obtaining a bullfighter's card, the following conditions will apply:

- (a) Probation for one (1) year commencing on the day the card is applied for.
 - (b) Anytime within the year the bullfighting card can be revoked by the Association Board of Directors.
 - (c) The Association Board of Directors will review the status of the said bullfighter before issuing the next year's membership.
 - (d) A bullfighter card number will begin with the letters BF.
14. The following guidelines are in place in order to be considered for a new CPRA photographer membership card:

Anyone seeking to achieve non-contestant Membership status in the CPRA as an accredited photographer must satisfy the following: Submit portfolio of photos shot at an amateur rodeo as per guidelines outlined below. This will be reviewed for initial acceptance by the Photographer Coordinator in *Canadian Rodeo News* and the Rodeo Administrator and/or their designates. If initial acceptance is granted then the steps below must be completed.

Submit a completed CPRA application form accompanied by two (2) letters of recommendation. (One (1) letter from a qualified person in each category below);

Accepted signors for letters of recommendation for prospective Photographer applicants:

- a) Editor of a publication that has employed applicant as a photographer.
- b) Cardholding CPRA member in good standing.

Applicant will be responsible to pay the current member dues. This fee includes insurance and a one-year subscription to *Canadian Rodeo News*.

Upon completion of the above, applicant will be issued a one-year probationary membership.

Applicant will be required to submit ALL work (a complete set of unedited photos on CD or DVD, plus the day sheets for each performance.) from three (3) rodeos – including at least one (1) indoor or night event.

After completion of each of the applicant's three (3) required CPRA rodeos, the complete set of unedited photos, plus the day sheets for each performance must be sent in to the CPRA office for evaluation by the Photographer Coordinator

in *Canadian Rodeo News* as outlined above.

Also, an arena evaluation will be required (as outlined below). The contact sheet and arena evaluation (combined) will serve as the applicant's final review for permanent membership status.

Method for arena evaluation: Applicant must attend rodeo where a Photographer review member will be working for arena conduct evaluation.

Applicant will coordinate with the Photographer Coordinator in *Canadian Rodeo News* to arrange to attend a rodeo where one of the review members will be. Review member can work with the rodeo committee to attain necessary passes and credentials for applicant. This review will be considered as one of the three (3) required rodeos outlined above.

The review member will fill out a survey form with information regarding the applicant to be used in the final evaluation. This process will be in conjunction with the contact sheet reviews outlined above. Photographers are expected to abide by the same rules of conduct governing other Members except that Photographers shall not be required to wear hats while in the Arena.

15. Flankman shall pay a membership fee equivalent to that of contract personnel. Flankman membership application form must be signed by an Association stock contractor. Note: If named person on contracting firm is same as flankman, membership fee shall not apply.

D. Australian/New Zealand Members

1. The top (15) in the APRA and NZRCA standings are eligible for full Canadian Professional Rodeo Association memberships. All APRA and NZRCA members sixteenth (16th) or lower must purchase a semi-pro card.

SECTION II - FINES, SUSPENSIONS AND DISQUALIFICATIONS

A. General

1. The Board of Directors of the Association may fine or suspend an Association member/permit holder whose family member or employee violates any of the governing rules, guidelines or policies of the Association.
2. Where a specific penalty is not fixed by these rules, regulations and by-laws for the violation of any of the provisions herein the Board of Directors, upon conviction of any member for the violation thereof may impose a fine not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000), suspension from membership for a period of not more than five (5) years, or both such fine and suspension. After a charge is filed against any member, the accused shall be notified by registered mail at the address appearing on the books of the Association of the charge against them, the time of hearing thereof and of their right to appear before the Board in their own defense, at the time and place designated in the above mentioned notice. The accused member must post a cash bond to be able to compete or participate until their case is heard by the Association Board of Directors. Said bond shall not exceed the sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000). Failure of the accused to appear at the time and place aforesaid (unless excused by the Board) or conviction after hearing will subject the accused to a fine not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000), suspension from membership for a period of not more than five (5) years, or both such fine and suspension. The bond above mentioned shall be held subject to any fine levied by the Association Board of Directors, and if said fine is not paid within thirty (30) days after conviction said bond shall be forfeited to the Association, in an amount equal to the fine so levied.
3. A member or permit holder tendering a cheque for payment

of entry fees at an Association approved rodeo, or as payment for accommodation in a town during the time an Association approved rodeo is being held, or a cheque tendered and sent to the Association and which is not honoured by their bank, shall be subject to the following fines, penalties, and provisions:

- (a) First such cheque: One hundred dollar (\$100) fine. Member or permit holder will retain his "C" and continue with cheque writing privileges.
- (b) Second cheque: Two hundred dollar (\$200) fine and loss of "C". Member or permit holder will remain on the "cash only" basis for the remainder of the year.
- (c) Third cheque: Three hundred dollar (\$300) fine and loss of "C". Member or permit holder will remain on the "cash only" basis for a two (2) year period.
- (d) Fourth cheque: Four hundred dollar (\$400) fine and loss of "C" indefinitely.
- (e) Fifth cheque: Five hundred dollar (\$500) fine plus whatever penalties the Board of Directors may levy.

With respect to all such cheques, the member or permit holder shall be suspended forthwith until such time as the said cheque has been made good and the required fine paid. The penalties set out in this rule apply to violations within a two (2) year period.

4. Any member may be fined, suspended or both from the Association for any of the following offences:
 - (a) issuing or tendering bad cheques
 - (b) failure to pay hotel bills
 - (c) non-payment of entrance fees
 - (d) quarrelling in the arena
 - (e) Attempting to fix, threaten, bribe, influence or harass the judges, event representatives, another member or CPRA staff at any time between the opening and closing dates of a rodeo, in or out of the arena, or for talking with a judge or timer while an event is in progress. Violation of this rule shall be reported to the Association by the judges involved or by the arena director or stock contractor of the rodeo where the violation occurred. The fine for harassment shall be five hundred dollars (\$500).
 - (f) Conduct or speech of any kind detrimental to the best interests of the Association and the sport of rodeo
 - (g) Failure to abide by or disobedience of articles, by-laws, and rules of this Association.
 - (h) Depending on the severity, all rule infractions reported by an Association judge will be dealt with by either the Rodeo Administrator or the Association Board of Directors. All appeals relating to these charges will be forwarded to the judging commission for review, and subsequent recommendations to the Association Board.
 - (i) Being under the influence of alcohol or an illegal substance during a rodeo performance or slack.
 - (j) Cheating or attempting to cheat.
 - (k) No member of the CPRA shall bring legal suit against the association or any of its members. If a lawsuit is filed by a member against the association or any of its members they will be immediately suspended and all member rights revoked until completion of the lawsuit. They can apply to the CPRA Board of Directors for reinstatement

upon completion of the lawsuit, the reinstatement fee is two thousand dollars (\$2,000). The Board of Directors is under no obligation to reinstate the member and may require the said member to post a bond not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000). If the member at any time after reinstatement breaks any of the above rules, the bond will be forfeited and the member disciplined by the Board of Directors.

5. A contestant wishing to compete at an Association approved rodeo must hold a current, valid membership or permit by no later than two (2) CPRA office business days prior to the date entries open, or the entry will not be accepted for the said rodeo. The membership due dates will be published with the rodeo approval in *Canadian Rodeo News*.
6. A member may leave a credit on their account with the Association. These funds will be applied against the member's account as they occur. Funds cannot be designated for specific infractions. A member or permit holder who fails to pay their entry fee at an Association approved rodeo shall be subject to the following fines, penalties and provisions.
 - (a) A five dollar (\$5) collection fee per rodeo shall be assessed on all unpaid entry fees, including CRES and associated fees. If a contestant is using a doctor or vet release, the collection fee does not apply.
 - (b) If the entry fee, CRES and associated fees are not in the Association office within two (2) days from the last performance of the rodeo there will be an automatic fifty dollar (\$50) late fine imposed.
 - (c) If the entry fees, CRES and associated fees and/or all fines pertaining to non-payment of same are not paid within fourteen (14) days of the last performance of the rodeo in question, member or permit holder will be suspended until such time as the payment has been made. No notification will be given.
7. Any person or persons taking part in the drawing of stock or position who allow or take part in fixing or changing the draw will be fined not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) and will be suspended for one (1) year. This includes secretaries, stock contractors, judges, Association members or representatives present who allow this offence to take place.
8. Contestants may not talk to a judge or timer in any way while an event is going on. Such questions may be addressed to the judge or timer only at the end of the section for that performance. Any member violating this regulation will be reported to the Association by the judge of the rodeo where the violation occurs. Violators are subject to an automatic one hundred dollar (\$100) fine.
9. A fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) for a member to be registered on the "Patch Program." This fee includes all registered patches. If a member fails to register with the CPRA patch program they will be fined subject to "Patch Program" rules.
10. Any appeal made to the Board of Directors relative to a fine assessed to or other disciplinary action taken against a member must be accompanied by a deposit of two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250), which will be forfeited if the fine or disciplinary action is upheld.
11. Anyone drawn out of a rodeo due to earnings qualifications will be assessed a fine of one hundred dollars (\$100) for the first offence. The fine will then escalate one hundred dollars (\$100) for each additional offence during the same rodeo season.

B. Turning Out Stock

1. Contestants who have entered a rodeo but who turn out stock shall be subject to the following fines:

- (a) If, at a performance preference rodeo, a contestant is scheduled to compete in accordance with their preference as given to CRES and then turns out stock, they shall be subject to a twenty five dollar (\$25) fine in addition to the fines set out in Section 2.
2. If a contestant did not get their first preference or is scheduled to compete at a PRCA approved rodeo in conflict with an Association rodeo the penalties in Section 1 shall not apply, provided that the contestant must supply positive proof to the Association office that he did compete at a PRCA rodeo on the day in question, but in such a case the fines set out in Section 2 hereof, with respect to notification, shall still apply and be payable.
- (a) If the contestant advises the CRES office on the call back for the rodeo in question that he will be turning out, no turnout fine will be assessed, unless the twenty-five dollar (\$25) performance preference fine, for a performance or slack, is applicable (in addition to the entry fee, including CRES and associated fees). If the contestant is not traded, this eliminates any turnout fine.
 - (b) If the contestant advises the local arena secretary three (3) hours before the performance at which they are scheduled to compete that they will be turning out stock, the fine shall be twenty dollars (\$20) (in addition to the entry fees, including CRES and associated fees) and traded fine, if applicable.
 - (c) If the contestant does not advise either the CRES office or the local arena secretary that he will be turning out the fine shall be seventy-five dollars (\$75) (in addition to the entry fees, including CRES and associated fees).
 - (d) If a contestant competes in a rodeo final the same day that they are scheduled to compete, but is unable to compete for that reason at another rodeo, all turn out fines involved shall be waived. However, a seventy five dollar (\$75) notification fine will apply if contestant does not notify.
 - (e) If a steer rider turns out of a rodeo without notifying, they will be assessed a twenty dollar (\$20) turn out fine (in addition to the entry fees, including CRES and associated fees).
 - (f) Once a contestant has made a notified turn out, should circumstances change that make it possible for a contestant to compete after a turn out notification has been made, it will be the contestant's responsibility to notify the rodeo's representative individually. If their stock is available, contestant may be allowed to compete. If timed event stock has already been drawn excluding this contestant, said contestant shall not be allowed to compete.

In all cases it shall be the responsibility of the contestant to have either CRES or the local secretary advise the Association office of any reduced fines, and the advice of the arena secretary or CRES is the only conclusive proof that will be accepted by the Association.

3. Contestants not competing will receive no time or marking for that go-round, but will be eligible to compete on all other stock. A contestant working two (2) or more events will be allowed to turn out stock in one (1) event but to take their stock in other events at a following performance or, with sufficient reasons provided to the judges, may take the balance of their stock on the same day.
- (a) Such contestant will not be eligible for aggregate money in the event in which they have not competed.
 - (b) Any stock turned out will not be brought back. Stock being turned around (taken out of the chute to be loaded

later) does not amount to "turning out" stock.

- (c) If a contestant is going to be late and notifies the rodeo secretary prior to the performance they are scheduled to perform, and provides good and sufficient reasons to the rodeo judges, all their stock must be held back until the completion of the event for that performance, providing it does not alter the run on the cattle in the timed events. (NOTE: This would apply in extraordinary circumstances only and the rodeo judges' decisions will be final).
- (d) If the above is complied with, the following will apply:

No stock in any event, except for rerides or reruns, may be competed on before the first section of that event on the program, and no stock in that event can be held back for a contestant beyond the end of the event on the program for the performance (except for rerides or reruns). Any deviation from this rule may be authorized by a judge, if deemed necessary to prevent a production delay caused by a failure of equipment or breakdown in part of the facility.

C. Contestant Disqualification

1. Contestants will be disqualified for any of the following offences:
 - (a) being under the influence of alcohol or illegal substances in the arena, chutes or warm up area.
 - (b) rowdyism or quarrelling in the actual domain of the arena, chutes or warm up area.
 - (c) mistreatment of stock
 - (d) refusing to contest during a paid performance on an animal drawn for him
 - (e) not being ready to compete when called upon
 - (f) cheating or attempting to cheat, or
 - (g) unnecessary delay in taking stock. (This action to be enforced by the judges when a legitimate complaint has been lodged by the chute boss or the man in charge of chutes).
2. All members of the Association must make an honest effort when competing in the arena. If an honest effort is not made, the member is liable to disqualification that year and the next at that particular rodeo.
3. Contestant may be disqualified for being in a pen with livestock at any time except when accompanied by stock contractor, arena director or a judge, or when assigned to work in those pens.
4. No contestant may be disqualified from a rodeo for a period to exceed one (1) year without the express consent of the Board of Directors.

D. Suspended List

1. No person shall work an Association rodeo when their name appears under the suspended list unless they first have been cleared through the Association office.
2. Any member of the Association competing, working, or performing with anyone on the suspended list may be fined, suspended, or both.
3. Contestants will not be advised by the CRES operators on entry closing day that they are ineligible to compete. However, if contestant is placed on the ineligible list in error, and was drawn out of a rodeo for that reason, they will be drawn back into the rodeo in question.

4. If all outstanding accounts are not paid in full within thirty (30) days of notification member or permit holder will automatically become ineligible. Turn-out fines must be paid without notification thirty (30) days after the last performance of the rodeo in question, or contestant will automatically become ineligible.

E. Overdue Accounts

1. The CPRA reserves the right to charge interest of up to three percent (3%) per month on overdue accounts.

SECTION III - CONDUCT OF RODEO

A. General

1. The Association reserves the right to withdraw their members from competition in any rodeo which does not conform to these rules.
2. The Canadian Professional Rodeo Association provides its own Association rules for members which must be adhered to by member rodeos. Any member of the Association who does not observe the rules is liable to a fine, suspension or both.
3. Any rodeo with ground rules contradictory to or in addition to the Association rules must have said rules approved by the Association before they become effective and binding upon Association members.
 - (a) Rodeo Committees requesting special competition ground rules must submit a copy of the proposed ground rules along with application for approval at least one hundred and twenty (120) days prior to the first scheduled competition of the rodeo and must be approved by the CPRA Board of Directors. Any special ground rules approved by the CPRA will be enforced by the CPRA and corresponding fines will be assessed and collected by the CPRA.
4. The management and sponsor of any member rodeos assume no responsibility or liability for injury or damage to the person, property, or stock of any owner, contestant, or assistant. Each participant by the act of their entry waives all claims against the management and sponsor for injuries they or their property may sustain.
5. The management of each Association approved rodeo shall be required to provide an ambulance licensed in the jurisdiction where the rodeo is held and fully approved to transport patients in critical condition and adequate first-aid facilities on the grounds for all performances and competitions incidental thereto, including slack, or competitions held at times other than before a paying audience. To be considered adequate, it is mandatory that Emergency Medical Technician qualifications or higher be in attendance. Any rodeo committee failing to comply with this rule will be subject to a one thousand dollar (\$1000) fine per performance and/or section of slack for which the rodeo committee is in violation.
6. When any rodeo is required by the Association to place prize money in escrow, the Association may also require that rodeo to place in escrow money to cover any contract signed with an Association member. In the case of an Association rodeo committee not upholding their financial obligations with regard to prize money, the Association will make every effort that these obligations be upheld. However, in the event these obligations are not fulfilled by a committee, the Association would not be liable.
 - (a) First year rodeos must have the funds or a letter of credit for the total amount of the prize money in the Association office sixty (60) days prior to the event.
7. Every rodeo held during the rodeo season, except for the Canadian Rodeo Tour Championship or Canadian Finals Rodeo,

or when otherwise specifically agreed to by the Association, must be open to all paid-up Association members in good standing.

- (a) Special consideration for excess entries - Any Rodeo Committee desiring special consideration to modify entry rules to alleviate an excess number of entries must request such special consideration on the application for approval and such special consideration must be approved by the CPRA Board of Directors.
8. The association will invoice the fee for judges. Rodeos will be charged one hundred and seventy-five dollars (\$175) per performance, per official. If the slack is a day prior to the rodeo, the committee will be charged the performance fee. If the slack is the day of the rodeo, the committee will be charged a minimum of fifty dollars (\$50) per official.
 9. All rodeo arena personnel, and all persons connected with the production of a rodeo, shall be subject to the rules, policies and standards of conduct of the Association.
 10. All contestants who compete in an event of which any part is held during a performance of an Association rodeo, including team ropers, steer wrestling hazers and all other contestants, must have an Association permit or membership in order to be eligible to compete. A rodeo performance is defined as an Association approved contest where members compete.
 11. Each contestant will receive upon their entry or reporting to fulfill their contract, a car pass, an extra tax free seat and gate pass for all performances, unless other arrangements are approved by the Association Board.
 12. If numbers are furnished by the management, contestants must wear them while competing so as to be visible to the judges and spectators. Penalty for competing with a wrong number or without numbers shall be a fine of ten dollars (\$10), to be assessed by the rodeo judges.
 13. No person shall be allowed in the arena during a rodeo performance unless entered in an event or unless he has signed a waiver releasing the management and producers from liability. In all cases, non-competing minors (under the age of eighteen (18) years) are not allowed in the arena when CPRA sanctioned events are taking place. This rule should be enforced by the arena director and/or the judges.
 14. If the management provides satisfactory seats for the contestants, the Association urges the contestants to stay out of the arena when they are not scheduled to compete.
 15. Contestants in the arena must conduct themselves in such a way as to not interfere with the work of bonafide press and professional photographers or with the vision of the spectators.
 16. All members' appearance must be neat, clean and professional when representing the CPRA and/or participating in CPRA sanctioned events. All members shall wear a cowboy hat, a long sleeve shirt (male member shirts must have a collar and cuffs, with no pullovers allowed), pants and cowboy boots in the arena, chutes and warm up areas with the following exceptions:
 - (a) clowns, bullfighters and barrelmen who must wear appropriate footwear, clothing and headgear that is conducive to the procurement of their jobs in a safe and professional manner
 - (b) photographers shall not be required to wear hats
 - (c) contestants in the bareback and bull riding may roll up the sleeve of the riding arm to the elbow only
 - (d) helmets are acceptable for competition

The dress code shall be enforced during slack, one (1) hour prior to and during a performance and public appearances, including autograph sessions. Any member whose appearance is deemed by the judges or event representatives to be unprofessional or fails to adhere to the dress code will be fined one hundred dollars (\$100) per section of slack, performance or public appearance.

17. Contestants shall not have someone hold their hat, or otherwise retrieve their hat, before it lands on the ground.
18. Complaints pertaining to conduct at a rodeo must be taken to an Association judge rather than to the rodeo committee or management.
19. Should the occasion arise for representation at a rodeo, any member in good standing must get in touch with an Association director or representative for instructions. Hereafter, any complaint lodged against a member of this Association must be accompanied by a fifty dollar (\$50) cheque. If the complaint is upheld by the Association Board of Directors, the fifty dollars (\$50) will be reimbursed. If not, it will be forfeited.
20. If a rodeo declares an all-around champion, the winner must be decided as follows: All-around trophies will be awarded to the contestant winning the most money and who has entered and competed in two (2) or more of the following events: saddle bronc riding, bareback riding, bull riding, tie-down roping or steer wrestling, one being a riding event and one being a timed event. If a rodeo declares a high-point winner it should publicize this fact well, setting out the method of determining the winner when submitting their approval.
21. Rodeo committees shall have the option of placing all, or some, of the current Canadian and/or world champions plus two (2) other member contestants of their choice per event, from the slack to the nearest paid performance provided it does not change the moved contestants run on the timed event cattle. I.E. If a contestant at call back will be competing on the first run and moving them from the slack to the nearest paid performance would give them a second run they will not be moved. A rodeo committee representative must inform CRES management of this request within 24 hours after the first scheduled call-back.
22. Management must provide a place for official timers and announcers to work without obstruction or interference.
23. Slack must be held within the dates the rodeo is approved for, unless it is an open date with no other CPRA sanctioned rodeo scheduled, unless otherwise approved by the Board of Directors.
24. A minimum of ten (10) contestants for each performance of a rodeo will be set for the position draw, before a slack can be scheduled in the three (3) major riding events.
25. Unless special approval is given when application is submitted for approval, no entries will be limited in the steer riding. A minimum of six (6) entries will be placed in the performance before a slack can be scheduled.
26. In the timed events only, committees and stock contractors must set the performances with a minimum of eight (8) contestants and a maximum of twelve (12) contestants per performance unless otherwise approved by a timed event director.
27. Guidelines for slack performances:

Subsequent slacks: A minimum of ten (10) contestants will be set for slack, before subsequent slacks may be created.

Riding event position and slack: When the required minimums

have been set for each performance, if by adding two (2) contestants to each performance scheduled eliminates the slack, then slack will be eliminated.

- (a) Stock contractor/committee must submit to CRES the order of slack prior to call back. Each event must be either completed or one run on the cattle completed before going on to the next event. Major/major optional events must be finished before the minor events start.
 - (b) The minimum requirement for public liability insurance is two million dollars (\$2,000,000) and the Canadian Professional Rodeo Association must be added as an additional named insured. For rodeos that are also sanctioned by the PRCA, then the Professional Rodeo Cowboys Association must also be added as an additional named insured.
 - (c) Contestant signage while competing or participating in the arena must comply with the Association Patch Program regulations and must be registered with the Association office. No announcements over the public address system will be allowed.
 - (d) The minimum length for all new outdoor arenas and all portable arenas shall be two hundred feet (200'), inside measurement.
 - (e) Ground conditions must be maintained for all events in an effort to prevent needless injury to stock and contestants.
 - i) If slack is run before first performance of rodeo, it is mandatory to work and water the ground the same as will be done for the performance.
32. Timed event boxes must be closed in with corners squared and must be lined with box pads that are a minimum of four (4) feet high and six (6) feet long.
 33. If a contestant qualifies for the finals of a rodeo, and that contestant is scheduled to compete on the same day in another rodeo, with added purse money of \$3,000 or more in the event that contestant entered (the "conflicting rodeo"), the contestant will be moved forward at the conflicting rodeo to the first available position, where possible. The contestant must notify the Central Rodeo Entry Office or the arena secretary at the conflicting rodeo of the conflict no later than the turn-out deadline for his originally scheduled performance at the conflicting rodeo. If there are no available positions, the contestant will not be moved.
 - (a) If a riding event contestant qualifies for a finals and has a conflict with another rodeo with added purse money of \$3,000 or more in the event that contestant entered, and his originally drawn animal cannot be made available at the conflicting rodeo, that contestant can either accept the designated re-ride for the next available performance or, if prior to the end of the first go-round of the conflicting rodeo, elect to be drawn out of the conflicting rodeo.
 34. Contestants that attend non-commercial appearances promoting professional rodeo will be paid forty cents (\$0.40) per kilometer for fuel and be remunerated fifty dollars (\$50) for an appearance fee. Groups or rodeo committees wishing contestants to appear, must contact the Association office. Any commercial appearances will be handled by the individual contestants. There will be a minimum charge of one hundred dollars (\$100) for this service.
 35. The Rodeo Administrator or the Board of Directors can approve the positioning of the Ladies Barrel Racing event at rodeos and further that the grounds must be "worked" after the event, regardless of its position in the rodeo, to the satisfaction of the rodeo judge.
 36. Non sanctioned events must be held before or after CPRA sanctioned events.

B. Approval

1. Rodeo management must submit their prize list and entry fees, and who is responsible to supply the rodeo personnel, the stock contractors or committee, to the Association office for approval. If the personnel do not have a current membership the party responsible for hiring will be held responsible for any unpaid dues.
2. Rodeo prize list must be submitted to the Association office for approval, in time to be listed in at least two (2) publications of the Association and two (2) issues of the Pro Rodeo Sports News, Colorado Springs, Colorado. Rodeo applications for approval must be in the Association office one hundred and twenty (120) days prior to the beginning of the rodeo, and all approvals fees must be paid at this time. No entries will be taken if the approval fee is not paid.
3. The Association will negotiate with rodeo circuits before approving new rodeos and date changes of established rodeos within the circuit area.
4. Rodeos may exclude Association permit holders in any or all events if so stated on their prize list form when it is submitted to the Association for approval; otherwise, the Association honours permit holders at all Association approved rodeos. Two or more performance rodeos adding three thousand dollars (\$3,000) or less per event must accept permits in all events. Rodeos with three thousand and one dollars (\$3,001) to four thousand dollars (\$4,000) per event must accept permits maximum in all events.
5. Prize money must be equal in all major and major optional events, although up to three events may be featured. (Featured means more money added in the six (6) majors and one (1) major optional event.)
 - (a) The maximum amount an event can be featured is double that of a non featured major event.
 - (b) Rodeo committees must add a minimum of one thousand dollars (\$1000) per performance in each of the major events at all Association rodeos. Rodeos currently not adding this amount must comply by 2012 to be approved.
 - (c) All new rodeos will be approved at the discretion of the Association Board of Directors.
 - (d) If additional prize money is added equally to the major events after the initial approval and listing of the rodeo, points will count, providing the increase to the purse is approved by the rodeo administrator and in one (1) issue of the *Canadian Rodeo News*.

Guideline

Rodeo committees may add a maximum of ten (10) per cent of the total purse in the six (6) major events to each optional event offered.

NOTE: Team roping is not included in the above formula.

6. The association will not approve any rodeo unless such rodeo has scheduled a minimum of six (6) major events or has special event status.
7. The six (6) major infield events are saddle bronc riding, bareback riding, bull riding, tie-down roping, steer wrestling and ladies barrel racing.
8. The major optional event is team roping.
9. Optional events are novice saddle bronc, novice bareback, novice bull riding, and steer riding.
10. Approval fees and assessment are grouped as a membership fee. This fee is based on added prize money offered in all events.

| Purse per Event | % on Added Prize Money |
|--------------------|--------------------------|
| \$1,000 or less | 10% of added prize money |
| \$1,001 to \$2,000 | 9% of added prize money |
| \$2,001 to \$4,000 | 8% of added prize money |
| \$4,001 to \$6,000 | 7% of added prize money |
| \$6,001 to \$8,000 | 6% of added prize money |
| \$8,001 and over | 5% of added prize money |

- (a) Approval fees for special events shall be ten percent (10%) of the added prize money.
- (b) Approval fee for PRCA co-sanctioned rodeos shall be five hundred dollars USD (\$500 USD) and a PRCA/CPRA Committee Fee of two percent (2%) of total committee PRCA prize money to a maximum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
11. Rodeo applications for approval and ground rules must be received by the Association office one hundred and twenty (120) days prior to the rodeo, after which time a ten percent (10%) penalty on approval fees will be assessed.
 - (a) The insurance certificate naming the CPRA and the PRCA, if seeking co-sanctioning, as an additional named insured must be received by the Association office sixty (60) days prior to the rodeo, after which time a five hundred dollar (\$500) fine will apply.
12. The rodeo administrator may approve rodeos adding five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or less per event with the consent of three (3) directors.
13. A Rodeo Committee, with the approval of the Rodeo Administrator and the Event Representative at the time of rodeo approval or at the time of entry closing, may utilize back-to-back, same performance. In this instance, two sections of the event in question (at least 20 minutes apart) will be required for each performance utilizing back-to-back, same performance. If this option is approved it must be used. Numbers to be set by Rodeo Committee, Event Representative and Rodeo Administrator.

C. Entry Fees

1. The following entry fee scale will be adopted for all major events:
 - (a) Saddle bronc riding, bareback riding and bull riding. Steer riding entry fee will be one-half (1/2) the entry fee charged in the above events.

| Purse From | To | Entry Fee |
|------------|------------|--|
| \$1,000 | \$1,999.99 | \$50 if one head \$80 if two head |
| \$2,000 | \$2,999.99 | \$60 if one head \$90 if two head |
| \$3,000 | \$3,999.99 | \$70 if one head \$100 if two head |
| \$4,000 | \$4,999.99 | \$80 if one head \$120 if two head |
| \$5,000 | \$7,999.99 | \$110 if one head \$145 if two head |

Rodeos with \$8,000 or more added will be set by the Association Board of Directors.

- (b) Tie-down roping, steer wrestling, and team roping

| Purse From | To | Entry Fee |
|------------|------------|--|
| \$1,000 | \$1,999.99 | \$75 if one head \$150 if two head |
| \$2,000 | \$3,999.99 | \$100 if one head \$200 if two head |
| \$4,000 | \$7,999.99 | \$125 if one head \$250 if two head |

Rodeos with \$8,000 or more added will be set by the Association Board of Directors.

(c) Ladies Barrel Racing

| Purse From | To | Entry Fee |
|------------|------------|--|
| \$1,000 | \$1,999.99 | \$50 if one head \$100 if two head |
| \$2,000 | \$3,999.99 | \$75 if one head \$150 if two head |
| \$4,000 | \$7,999.99 | \$100 if one head \$200 if two head |

Rodeos with \$8,000 or more added will be set by the Association Board of Directors.

2. Entry fees for the novice saddle bronc riding, novice bareback riding and novice bullriding shall be a minimum of forty dollars (\$40).
3. All entry fees are subject to the approval of the Association Board of Directors.

D. Postponement and Cancellations

1. A rodeo performance may not be postponed or cancelled except in the case of disaster, strike or warfare; in which case the postponement should be agreed to by the rodeo committee chairperson, the stock contractor and an Association official. In the event no Association spokesperson is present to represent the contestants, one contestant chosen by the contestants should so act.
2. Any performance so postponed must be held within twenty-four (24) hours of the approved dates of that rodeo, unless that rodeo is in an area where Sunday rodeos are contrary to religious beliefs or customs, or prevented by law, in which case the postponed performance must be held within forty-eight (48) hours. However, stock contractor and committee chairperson will have the option of completing contests of postponed performances at their convenience within twenty-four (24) hours, and cancelling the postponed performances.
3. In case of postponement, the order of positions drawn for contestants will be maintained exactly as drawn, with the postponed performance rescheduled to the end of the rodeo.
4. If a rodeo is postponed for more than twenty-four (24) hours, or in the case of a Sunday, forty-eight (48) hours, the books will be re-opened and all contestants will be required to re-enter rescheduled rodeo.
5. If fewer than four (4) contestants for each performance are entered in an event once entries close, the committee may cancel that event.

SECTION IV - RODEO OFFICE

A. General

1. All rodeo offices must have a telephone number, which must be listed on their rodeo approval in *Canadian Rodeo News*.
2. All rodeos must use an arena secretary who has been approved by the Association to keep books.
3. If stock contractor desires to furnish his own secretary at stock contractor's expense, committee secretary must work in conjunction with them.
4. The rodeo committee or stock contractor, depending upon which provides the arena secretary, will be responsible for the secretary's mistakes or discrepancies in the pay-off or in the handling of entry fees in the event the secretary does not make the proper adjustment, provided that all contestants shall be liable to refund any overpayments, or be subject to a

fine, suspension or other discipline.

5. Any member who intends to act as secretary must notify the association of their intentions so that they can be sent the Association mailings of secretary information.
6. The local rodeo telephone shall be manned by the local arena secretary for the two (2) hour period before each performance and/or slack ending thirty (30) minutes before the start of the performance and/or slack. When an answering system is in operation, the rodeo secretary shall be notified by using that system, in accordance with details provided in the Canadian Rodeo News.

B. Paying of Entry Fees

1. Every member contestant must give their Association number when entering a rodeo, and the number of all those they are entering. Entries will not be accepted without the proper Association number.
2. Any member entering contestants other than themselves will be responsible for the entry fees of all persons they enter and will receive the fine and suspension if these entry fees are not paid. Upon notification, they are responsible for payment of the fees forthwith.
3. Contestant must pay their entry fees in all events before the first go-round is over, unless other arrangements are made with the secretary. In all cases, entry fees are to be paid in Canadian currency.
 - (a) If a contestant doesn't pay their entry fees, one or more of the following shall apply:
 - i. a contestant has (2) two business days following the rodeo to pay their fees;
 - ii. if fees are not paid by the (2) two business days, fine will be (\$50) fifty dollars per rodeo with unpaid fees;
 - iii. if a contestant is already entered and competes in a future rodeo after the (2) two business days and does not have their fees paid from previous week(s), a \$150 fine per location will be assessed;
 - iv. under Section IV, B, Paying of Entry Fees, all outstanding accounts relating to this rule must be paid. Rule Section II, D, 4, "outstanding accounts must be paid in (30) thirty days" does not apply.
4. Stock and/or position must be drawn for every member contestant who is entered.
5. Entry fees for all contestants for whom position or stock is drawn must be included in the purse, with the exception of Section IV, Rule D, 2.
 - (a) Contestants injured and unable to compete excepted. If secretary is notified of withdrawal because of injury previous to performance in which contestant is scheduled to compete, their entry fees are not to be included in purse.
6. The rodeo secretary must turn in the names of any member contestants who did not pay entry fees, and the amount of these unpaid entry fees, in to the Association office immediately after each rodeo. Any rodeo secretary failing to do so will be fined fifty dollars (\$50), suspended or both.
7. Unpaid entry fees for Association members will be honoured by the Association upon receipt of written notification at the Association office.
8. In any instance where an Association member presents an N.S.F. cheque in payment for their entry fee, this cheque will be honoured by the Association, only if the rodeo secretary is

an Association member. Any such cheque must be sent to the Association office within sixty (60) days of the last performance of the rodeo in question. Failure to comply with this will result in the Association not honouring the outstanding amount owed to the rodeo committee. Rodeo secretaries may accept cheques from permit holders for the amount of the entry fees only.

C. Results

1. Secretaries must send the judges' cards and official rodeo results to the Association office the next business day. Member numbers must be included on the result sheet.
2. Secretaries shall fax the results of the rodeo, and the names of those contestants who competed and didn't pay their entry fees immediately following the completion of the rodeo.

D. Drawing Out, Doctor's Release, Vet Release, Visible Injury and Turning Out

1. If contestant is injured at a rodeo in a riding event, they may be held back at same rodeo until later in the go-round, with the written consent of both judges and the stock contractor.
2. There will be no drawing out after position or stock is drawn, unless a contestant has a doctor's release,
3. Secretary must be notified at injured contestant's expense before the performance they are scheduled to compete, and before stock is drawn in the timed events, if they are drawing out.
4. A contestant entered in more than one event may doctor release out of one or more events and remain eligible to compete in other events in which they are entered. All rules pertaining to notification and verification will apply.
5. When turning out at an Association rodeo, including a doctor or visible injury release, contestant must indicate each location they are turning out of. Information must be given to CRES during a designated call-back day or a minimum of three (3) hours prior to the scheduled performance or slack time, by calling (403) 945-7381 (answering machine) or, by contacting the rodeo secretary directly as outlined in rule 3. All turn out times are Mountain Time, regardless of the time zone the rodeo is taking place in. Failure to comply as previously outlined will constitute a non-notified turn-out.
 - (a) At the time a contestant doctor releases, they must indicate whether the mandatory ineligibility period shall last ten (10) days or thirty (30) days. Ineligibility period shall begin upon notification to the CRES office of the intended doctor release and shall continue through the period ten (10) or thirty (30) days following the first scheduled competition of the rodeo or rodeos for which the contestant doctor releases. A contestant may extend their ten (10) or thirty (30) day doctor release by four (4) days. Contestants must notify the CRES office of the extension before the expiry of their current ineligibility period. During a rodeo year, a contestant may designate that an ineligibility period shall last ten (10) days no more than twice, and a four (4) day extension no more than twice. Once a contestant has designated a ten (10) day ineligibility period twice in a given rodeo year, all subsequent ineligibility periods shall automatically last thirty (30) days.

Example:

 1. ten (10) day doctor release + four (4) day extension
 2. thirty (30) day doctor release + four (4) day extension
Both four (4) day extension's and only one (1) ten (10) day doctor release has been used.
 - (b) At the time a ladies barrel racer vet releases, she must indicate whether the mandatory ineligibility period shall last five (5) or thirty (30) days. A ladies barrel racer may not compete at another rodeo for ten (10) or thirty (30) clear

days for a doctor's release or five (5) or thirty (30) clear days for a vet release. Only three (3) five (5) day veterinarian and/or ten (10) day doctor releases can be submitted in one (1) year. Once a contestant has designated a five (5) day ineligibility three (3) times in a given rodeo year, all subsequent ineligibility periods shall automatically last thirty (30) days. Contestant may also turn out on a visible injury release. Refer to Association rules for information regarding turning out, doctor release, visible injury release, etc.

- (c) A contestant may enter a rodeo if available competition times follow their doctor/vet release ineligibility period. However, should that contestant be positioned during competition time which falls within the doctor's release ineligibility time, said contestant will be required to "doctor release" that performance or slack.

The contestant is responsible to notify CRES of all locations that fall within the doctor's release ineligibility time. Contestants who are turned in as non-notified turn outs within the doctor's release ineligibility time will be updated as "visible injuries". These contestants' entry fees will be included in the purse. Notification must be given as outlined in section IV, rule D5.

- (d) If a contestant doctor or vet releases, failure to submit a doctor's or vet verification to the Association office within ten (10) days of the last performance of the rodeo in question, by the close of business, will result in a fine equal to the entry fees for the event(s) in question, plus an additional fifty dollars (\$50). Once a contestant has again competed, their original doctor's release will be invalid for future use.
- (e) Any abuses of rules pertaining to a doctor's or vet release will be subject to a five hundred dollar (\$500) fine for the first offence and a second offence during their career will result in a six (6) month suspension. Contestant will forfeit any money, points or awards won at the rodeo in which he competed while ineligible. If a contestant doctor's releases from a CPRA rodeo and competes at another event (i.e. C.C.A., PBR, etc.) it will be considered an abuse of the doctor's release and will be subject to the appropriate fine and penalties. This will apply over the course of the contestants CPRA career.
- (f) It is the responsibility of the contestant to have the doctor or visible injury release in the Association office in the required time frame. If sent by FAX (403-945-0936), original must also be received immediately by the Association office.

6. Visible Injury Release

1. If a contestant turns out due to injury at a rodeo, they shall remain eligible to enter or compete in any Association rodeo following the performance which they have turned out of. Entry fees will remain in the pay-off. All turn-out fines will be waived.
 - (a) The Association visible injury release shall be signed by at least two (2) judges or the Rodeo Administrator (only if the contestant is unable to attend the Rodeo the release is for) and must be received by the Association office within ten (10) days. If the release is not received within ten (10) days, the contestant will be subject to a fifty dollar (\$50) late fine.
 - (a) A contestant will be allowed three (3) visible injury releases per event per rodeo year. Any further will be ten (10) day doctor releases or thirty (30) day doctor releases if all ten (10) day doctor releases have been used. It is the contestants' responsibility to keep track of the number of releases used.

E. Entry Fee Refund

1. No rodeo that completes its contract shall be responsible for the returning of a contestant's entry fees if they have contested in an event once during the rodeo. If they are entered in other events in which they are unable to contest, the entry fees for those events must be returned, excluding CRES and associated fees,
2. When a contestant asks for their stock, in any rodeo event, their entry fees shall be included in the payoff and shall not be refunded to them.
 - (a) Contestant will be considered to have competed only when they have asked for their stock and the chute gate opens.
3. After stock or position is drawn, secretary may not refund any entry fees without approval of judges.

F. Payoff

1. General
 - (a) Purse money and entrance fees must be totalled for go-rounds and aggregate in the major events; saddle bronc riding, bareback riding, bull riding, tie-down roping, steer wrestling and ladies barrel race.
 - (b) There will always be an aggregate paid, if there is more than one (1) go-round.
 - (c) At rodeos with an aggregate, including CFR, contestant must compete on every head of stock drawn for them in an event to place in the aggregate.
 - (d) When less than four (4) contestants get on their last horse or bull, the remaining places in the last go-round and the aggregate are divided among those who do.
 - (e) When only two (2) men get on their last animal, third (3rd) and fourth (4th) monies are split between first (1st) and second (2nd), sixty percent (60%) first, forty percent (40%) second.
 - (f) If only one (1) contestant gets on their last animal they get all the money for the last go-round and aggregate.
 - (g) Go-rounds will be divided according to number of head competed on.
 - (h) Contestants are to be paid any money won in a complete go-round.
 - (i) When a performance is cancelled and a go-round is not completed, contestants must be paid off on completed portion of the go-round.
 - (j) The amount of money for a short go-round where a finals is held will be set by the Association Board of Directors at time of approval.
 - (k) When a final head is given, all markings or times will be counted for the aggregate.
 - (l) The arena secretary shall deduct three percent (3%) of the purse and entry fees from all Association approved events, and shall send this money to the Association office immediately after the rodeo, together with the CRES fees, when in operation.
 - (m) Rodeos co-sanctioned with the PRCA shall have an additional three percent (3%) deducted from the entry fees and purse in the saddle bronc riding, bareback riding, bull riding, tie down roping, steer wrestling and team roping.

2. Bull Riding Day Money

- (a) A day money system will be used in the bull riding. At all rodeos each contestant scheduled to compete during a performance must pay double entry fees plus one dollar (\$1) administration charge, half of those fees being used for day money and the other half being used for the overall payoff. Day money will not exceed one hundred dollars (\$100).
- (b) All bull riders making a qualified ride during a paid performance will be paid on equal share of the day money. Money won in the day money competition will count towards standings.
- (c) All notified turn out fines, with the exception of the twenty-five dollar (\$25) traded fine, will be waived.
- (d) Designated performance change: In the instance that a contestant's designated performance changes due to crippled livestock, contestant injury, re-rides, etc., the portion of that contestant's entry fee will remain in the performance in which that contestant was originally designated.
- (e) Contestants scheduled in slack shall be eligible to compete for day money no matter where they complete competition.
- (f) If no qualified rides are made during a paid performance the total day money for that performance will be added directly to the overall payoff. Administration fee will be deducted from this day money added into the purse.

3. Go-round and Aggregate Splits

- (a) On two (2) head of stock the aggregate will be the same as the go-round in all the major events.
- (b) On three (3) head of stock the aggregate will be one and one-half (1 1/2) times the go-round in all of the major events.
- (c) On four (4) head of stock the aggregate will be twice (2) the go-round in all of the major events.
- (d) On five (5) or more head of stock the aggregate will be three (3) times the go-round in all of the major events.
- (e) The aggregate will never exceed three (3) times the go-round in any of the major events.

4. Finals

- (a) When there is one (1) full go-round and a final or short go-round, the money in the final go-round will be deducted and remaining money will be split evenly between the full go-round and the aggregate.
- (b) When there are two (2) full go-rounds and a final or short go-round, the money in the final go-round will be deducted and the remaining money divided so that the aggregate pays one and one-half (1-1/2) the amount of the full go-rounds.
- (c) When there are three (3) full go-rounds and a final or short go-round, the money in the final go-round will be deducted and the remaining money divided so that the aggregate pays twice (2) the amount of the full go-round.
- (d) When there are four (4) or more full go-rounds and a final or short go-round, the money in the final or short go-round will be deducted and the remaining money divided so that the aggregate pays three (3) times the amount of the full go-rounds.

- (e) Payoff distribution for a short go-round will be as CPRA rulebook unless an alternative payoff distribution has been approved by the CPRA Board of Directors.

5. Money Splits

In all events when the net money after the administration fee is deducted (refer to Rule F, 1 l & m), the following shall apply:

- (a) i. In the riding and timed events, when a go-round or aggregate is three thousand dollars (\$3,000) or less, four (4) monies only shall be paid.

ii. When four (4) monies are paid, the purse shall be split as follows: forty percent (40%), thirty percent (30%), twenty percent (20%) and ten percent (10%) in the go-rounds and aggregate.
- (b) i. In the riding and timed events, six (6) monies shall be paid in the go-round whenever there is over three thousand dollars (\$3,000), but under five thousand dollars (\$5,000) in the go-round.

ii. In the riding and timed events, six (6) monies shall be paid in the aggregate whenever there is over three thousand dollars (\$3,000), but under five thousand dollars (\$5,000) in the aggregate, regardless of whether or not six (6) monies are paid in the go-rounds.

iii. When six (6) monies are paid, the purse shall be split as follows: twenty-nine percent (29%), twenty-four percent (24%), nineteen percent (19%), fourteen percent (14%), nine percent (9%), and five percent (5%) in the go-rounds and the aggregate.
- (c) i. In the riding events, eight (8) monies shall be paid in the go-round whenever there is five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or more, but under eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) in the go-round.

ii. In the timed events, eight (8) monies shall be paid in the go-round whenever there is five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or more, but under ten thousand five hundred dollars (\$10,500) in the go-round.
- (d) i. In the riding events, eight (8) monies shall be paid in the aggregate whenever there is five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or more, but under eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) in the aggregate, regardless of whether or not there are eight (8) monies paid in the go-round.

ii. In the timed events, eight (8) monies shall be paid in the aggregate whenever there is five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or more, but under ten thousand five hundred dollars (\$10,500) in the aggregate, regardless of whether or not there are eight (8) monies paid in the go-round.
- (e) i. In the riding events, when eight (8) monies are paid the purse shall be split as follows: twenty-eight percent (28%), twenty-three percent (23%), eighteen percent (18%), thirteen percent (13%), eight percent (8%), five percent (5%), three percent (3%) and two percent (2%) in the go-rounds and the aggregate.

ii. In the timed events, when eight (8) monies are paid the purse shall be split as follows: twenty-three percent (23%), twenty percent (20%), seventeen percent (17%), fourteen percent (14%), eleven percent (11%), eight percent (8%), five percent (5%) and two percent (2%) in the go-rounds and the aggregate.
- (f) i. In the riding events, ten (10) monies shall be paid when a go-round or aggregate amounts to eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) or over. When ten (10) monies are paid the purse shall be split as follows: twenty-four percent (24%),

nineteen percent (19%), sixteen percent (16%), thirteen percent (13%), eight percent (8%), six percent (6%), five percent (5%), four percent (4%), three percent (3%) and two percent (2%).

ii. In the timed events, ten (10) monies shall be paid when a go-round or aggregate amounts to ten thousand five hundred dollars (\$10,500) or over. When ten (10) monies are paid the purse shall be split as follows: nineteen percent (19%), seventeen percent (17%), fifteen percent (15%), thirteen percent (13%), eleven percent (11%), nine percent (9%), seven percent (7%), five percent (5%), three percent (3%) and one percent (1%).

- (g) Money for each go-rounds and/or aggregate.

i. Two (2) go-rounds and aggregate is the same as the go-rounds. Divide before mentioned total by three (3).

ii. Three (3) go-rounds and aggregate: Aggregate is one and one half (1-1/2) times the go-round. Divide before mentioned total by nine (9). Multiply the answer by two (2) for the go-rounds and by three (3) for the aggregate.

iii. Four (4) go-rounds and aggregate: Aggregate is two (2) times the go-round. Divide the before mentioned total by six (6) and the answer will be the go-round. Twice (2) the answer will be the aggregate.

iv. Five (5) go-rounds and aggregate: Aggregate is three (3) times the go-rounds. Divide the before mentioned total by eight (8) and the answer will be the go-round. Three (3) times the answer will be the aggregate.

v. More than five (5) go-rounds: Aggregate is never more than three (3) times the go-round. Take the number of go-rounds you will have, add three (3) and that is the figure to divide the before mentioned total by.

- (h) i. One (1) go-round with a finals and aggregate: Aggregate and go-round are the same. Deduct amount of the short-go money from the before mentioned total. Divide the remaining total by two (2) and the answer will be the go-round and the aggregate.

ii. Two (2) go-rounds with a finals and aggregate: Aggregate is one and one-half (1-1/2) times the go-round. Deduct amount of the short-go money from the before mentioned total. Divide the balance by seven (7). Twice (2) the answer is the go-round. Three (3) times the answer is the aggregate.

iii. Three (3) go-rounds with a finals and aggregate: Aggregate is twice (2) the go-round. Deduct amount of the short-go money from the before mentioned total. Divide the remaining figure by five (5) and the answer will be the go-round. Twice (2) the answer will be the aggregate.

iv. More than three (3) go-rounds with a finals and aggregate: Aggregate is three (3) times the go-round. Deduct amount of the short-go money from the before mentioned total. Divide the balance by the number of go-rounds plus three (3). The answer will be the go-rounds, and three (3) times the answer will be the aggregate.

- (i) If not enough contestants qualify for the number of places to be paid in any event, the remaining places shall be divided evenly amongst those contestants who did qualify. If no one qualifies, the money will be divided evenly amongst all who competed. And in all cases this money shall be considered as ground money and shall not be posted as money won.

- (j) If there are fewer contestants scheduled to compete in a short go than there are monies paid in the aggregate the unearned aggregate monies will be added to the short go payoff. i.e., If ten (10) monies are paid in the aggregate and only eight (8) contestants are scheduled to compete, ninth (9th) and tenth (10th) monies would be added to the short go payoff.

G. Pay-off (LBR)

1. All entry fees are to be added to the purse.
 - (a) An administration fee of three percent (3%) will be deducted from the entry fees and purse.
2. Money Splits
 - (a) When the net money, after deducting the three percent (3%) in a go-round or aggregate, is one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or less, four (4) monies shall be paid to be split as follows: forty percent (40%), thirty percent (30%), twenty percent (20%) and ten percent (10%).
 - (b) Six (6) monies shall be paid in a go-round or aggregate whenever there is over one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and up to two thousand dollars (\$2,000). The six (6) monies are split as follows: twenty-nine percent (29%), twenty-four percent (24%), nineteen percent (19%), fourteen percent (14%), nine percent (9%) and five percent (5%).
 - (c) Eight (8) monies shall be paid in a go-round or aggregate whenever there is over two thousand dollars (\$2,000) and up to four thousand dollars (\$4,000). The eight (8) monies are split as follows: twenty-three percent (23%), twenty percent (20%), seventeen percent (17%), fourteen percent (14%), eleven percent (11%), eight percent (8%), five percent (5%) and two percent (2%).
 - (d) Ten (10) monies shall be paid in a go-round or aggregate whenever there is four thousand dollar and one cent (\$4,000.01) and up to nine thousand, nine hundred and ninety-nine dollars and ninety-nine cents (\$9,999.99), the ten (10) monies are split as follows: twenty-one percent (21%), eighteen percent (18%), fifteen percent (15%), thirteen percent (13%), ten percent (10%), eight percent (8%), six percent (6%), four percent (4%), three percent (3%) and two percent (2%).
 - (e) Twelve (12) monies shall be paid when there is over ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and up to fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) for one (1) run only. The twelve (12) monies are split as follows: twenty percent (20%), seventeen percent (17%), fourteen percent (14%), twelve percent (12%), ten percent (10%), seven percent (7%), five percent (5%), four percent (4%), three and a half percent (3.5%), three percent (3%), two and a half percent (2.5%) and two percent (2%).
 - (f) Fifteen (15) monies shall be paid when there is over fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) and up for one (1) run only. The fifteen (15) monies are split as follows: twenty percent (20%), sixteen percent (16%), thirteen percent (13%), ten percent (10%), eight percent (8%), six percent (6%), five percent (5%), four and one-half percent (4 1/2%), four percent (4%), three and one-half percent (3 1/2%), three percent (3%), two and one-half percent (2 1/2%), two percent (2%), one and one-half percent (1 1/2%) and one percent (1%).

H. Payoff (TR)

As per Section IV, Rule F, 5 money splits amounts listed herein for Team Roping shall be per man.

I. Officials

1. General

- (a) A judging commission will be formed, consisting of one (1) riding event contestant, one (1) timed event contestant, a judging spokesman and a commissioner.

The purpose of this group is to establish the judging criteria, have input in judges' seminars, evaluate judges' performance and act as a grievance committee should a member have any problem with a judge or the judging system.

- (b) Only Association judges will be used at Association approved rodeos. Judges cannot compete in any events at a rodeo where they are officiating.
- (c) To qualify as an Association judge, member must attend the Association judging seminar for the year in question, with the exception of a letter to the judging commission explaining reason unable to attend. In order to act as a judge or flagman at a major rodeo, member must have judged a minimum of five (5) rodeos or twenty (20) performances (slack excluded) in the preceding or current calendar year.
- (d) Rodeo judges are in the public eye in an official capacity. Their manner, appearance and conduct, both in and out of the arena, should reflect credit to the sport of rodeo and to the Association. Any conduct by a rodeo official deemed to be detrimental to the sport of rodeo, will be dealt with by the Association Board of Directors.
- (e) Judges have the authority to remove a contestant from rodeo competition if they believe his mental or physical competence at the time would be detrimental to the sport of rodeo.
- (f) The decisions of all judges, flagmen, or timers will be final and no protests by contestants will be permitted.
- (g) Any member accepting a judge's position must remain in the town where the rodeo is being held or be available to the rodeo secretary.
- (h) Whenever it is necessary to make exception to the rules due to unusual circumstances, the judges must confer with the Association executive members present to discuss the possibility of any unfair treatment to rodeo contestants entered at such rodeo.
- (i) It will be the judges' responsibility to see that the rodeo office is run in a proper manner.
- (j) Judges must have the official markings available to be announced before the end of that performance.
- (k) Prior to the start of a rodeo event, it will be the judge's responsibility to examine the condition of the arena(s), chutes, fencing, alleyways, pens, etc for any safety hazards that may appear and to advise the rodeo committee to rectify any condition deemed unsafe prior to the start of the rodeo event.
- (l) Judges must remain available to the rodeo office until the rodeo secretary has made a final check of the books.
- (m) Markings must be totalled by the judges and checked by the secretary in presence of the judges.
- (n) The men appointed to flag are the judges for timed events regardless of who judges riding events, and are the only one authorized to deliver a decision or draw stock in a timed event.

- (o) Neither barrier judge nor field-flag judge may be changed during the course of the rodeo except in case of sickness or injury.
- (p) Timers for a rodeo may not be changed after the first performance except for sickness or injury, or by request of an Association official because of timer's incompetence, or through agreement of stock contractor, rodeo committee and Association. The timer who times the first performance of a riding event must time that riding event for the duration of that rodeo, except as above provided in this rule.
- (q) All rodeos are required to use at least two (2) stop watches in tenths of a second. Scoreboard clocks shall not be used as official timing devices. If digital watches are used, all digits beyond tenths will be ignored.
- (r) All member rodeos shall pay to the Association the start of the rodeo an amount equivalent to the judges' fees for that rodeo.
- (s) Stock being turned around (taken out of the chute to be loaded later) does not amount to "turning out" stock.

2. Posting Markings

- (a) Judges will be responsible to see that the exact marks are posted by the rodeo secretary at the end of each performance.
- (b) Contestant is privileged to see the records of all contestants in any event in which they take part at the end of each go-round, at a reasonable time, so that the secretary and a judge may be present.
- (c) Barrier judges shall keep a record of all barrier penalties. They are to be furnished with a complete list of contestants by the rodeo secretary, and their records and those of the rodeo timers must correspond when checked in the office.

3. Sick or Injured Stock

- (a) When any animal is taken from the draw because of injury or any other reason, the livestock contractor must report this information by contacting CRES during business hours at (403) 945-0358 or by leaving a message on the 24 hour CRES turn-out line at (403) 945-7381. If the animal becomes injured at the rodeo in question, the livestock contractor must inform a CPRA official as soon as the injury is detected. Failure to notify a CRES or CPRA official will result in a \$100 fine to the livestock contractor.
- (b) In case stock is sick, crippled or already shipped, replacement will be drawn from reride animals.
- (c) If livestock is injured or becomes sick in the riding events after the draw is made, the contestant who has drawn the sick or injured animal shall receive the first reride animal or:
 - (i) Contestants may elect to draw out and have their entry fees, excluding CRES and associated fees, refunded providing contestants notify either CRES or the rodeo secretary prior to the turnout deadline for the rodeo in question that their stock is injured and they wish to have their fees refunded, or
 - (ii) if it is agreeable to both the contestant and the stock contractor, the contestant may take the proper animal when available at a later date.
- (d) All injured or crippled livestock must be attended to by a

qualified veterinarian and be isolated from other livestock and/or removed from the premises.

- (e) Injured stock must be removed from the draw as a vet release. The animal can not be bucked from the time it is declared a vet release and continues through for the ten (10) days following its first scheduled performance. If the animal is bucked within the ten (10) day ineligible period, a fine of five hundred dollars (\$500) will be assessed and the outs will not count for CFR. A six (6) month suspension of the animal will be assessed for a second offence.

SECTION V - CENTRAL RODEO ENTRY SYSTEM

A. General

1. The Central Rodeo Entry System (known as CRES) will be in operation for all approved rodeos. All contestants for all rodeos involved shall enter through CRES, to telephone numbers to be published in the *Canadian Rodeo News*.
2. The basic rules with respect to drawing positions will apply to rodeos covered by CRES, with the following changes, additions and deletions:
 - (a) A single priority list shall be drawn for all performance preference rodeos having the same entry closing date. At CPRA rodeos that overlap, whether or not the entry closing dates are the same, preference in drawing the priority list shall be given to contestants who have entered the most rodeos, provided the contestant is entered in a common event at all locations, with contestants who have entered only one of several overlapping rodeos to receive the lowest priority. In the timed events the performances will be filled from the bottom, except ladies barrel racing which will be filled from the top down.
 - i. PRCA approved rodeos can be used for priority purposes
 - ii. Bull riding contestants can use the Professional Bull Riders (PBR) events in Canada with \$10,000 or more added and Built Ford Tough Series events in the USA for priority purposes
 - (b) When entering performance preference rodeo's a contestant shall give their preferences for position. Slack may not be given as a first preference at Canadian Tour Rodeos.
 - (c) When possible the "buddy system" shall be used for CRES rodeos, and shall apply to four (4) contestants only. All entries must be made at the same time, and contestants must "buddy" in a common event. A contestant can be tagged to or tag a contestant in another event (not buddied) if the other contestant is an immediate family member, defined as mother, father, brother, sister, spouse or common-law spouse (with a current notarized common-law declaration on file in the CRES office).
 - i. Steer riders entries will be tagged to member's entries, regardless of relationship (not buddied).
 - ii. No more than four (4) entries consisting of buddies and/or tags will be accepted in one group.
 - iii. Tagged contestants are guaranteed to be up on the same day but not necessarily the same performance or slack.
 - iv. a buddy group for team roping can consist of four (4) team roping teams
 - v. the member of a buddy group or a tag that has the lowest priority due to being a permit or the number of rodeos entered will be the priority for the entire entry

- (d) Drawing at the priority list: Permit holders entering the same number of overlapping rodeos will be placed on the priority list as follows:
- i. Rodeos with a committee purse of over \$3,001: Priority will be given to full members and semi-pro holders.
 - ii. Rodeos with a committee purse of \$3,000 or less: Full members, semi-pro and permit holders will receive the same level of priority.
3. The purpose of CRES is to alleviate the turn out problem and make it possible for contestants to work as many rodeos as possible. Therefore, if it becomes necessary to trade positions after the first scheduled call back, it will be the contestant's responsibility to find a trade and have it completed through CRES. Trades must be completed within twenty-four (24) hours of the first scheduled call back closing time of the last rodeo entry for a weekend. Trades will be accepted for any reason. A contestant shall be limited to only one 1st go-round trade per event at any CPRA sanctioned rodeo. Trades for multiple events must be requested and granted separately, and the granting of a trade in one event shall not automatically entitle a contestant to a trade in another event. Trades shall also be specific to the individuals involved and shall not apply to buddy groups of which the traded individuals are members.
- (a) Both contestants involved in the trade must contact the CRES office within twenty-four (24) hours of the first scheduled call back closing time of the last rodeo entry for a weekend to verify their trade has been approved. There will be a twenty dollar (\$20) charge applied to the contestant or team roping team requiring the trade. All fines will apply if the trade is not completed on time.
4. Contestants may give an "out preference" when entering; I.E. Contestant is only available for the second performance of a rodeo; they would enter for a two (2) or out. If they do not receive their preference they will be removed from the draw but are responsible for their CRES and associated fees in this instance.
5. CRES management may split a buddy group, creating one group of two, in order to keep a more even and balanced distribution of contestants in performances. A maximum of one buddy group per event may be split.
6. Any abuse of the CRES system will be dealt with by the CPRA Board of Directors.
7. The fees for use of CRES shall be as follows, provided that these fees are subject to addition, deletion or change without notice:
- (a) The amount of nine dollars (\$9) per entry per rodeo. Each contestant will be allowed one (1) call for an entry count. Subsequent calls made for an entry count will be charged an additional five dollar (\$5) fee for each count.
 - (b) CRES and associated fees shall be payable at the same time and place as entry fees, and the rules in force with respect to the payment of entry fees shall apply to the payment of CRES and associated fees.
 - (c) A two dollar (\$2) charge will be applied to the CRES fee on all entries. This charge will be used to administrate the CPRA Pro Officials program.
8. When the entry lines are open, CRES operators will receive turn out and medical release information from contestants for relay to the local arena secretary.
9. There will be a one (1) hour grace period after entry closing time

and the event splits are obtained from the stock contractor and/or committee to allow contestants to change their preference or draw out. Contestants will not be permitted to enter during the designated grace period.

B. Entries and Drawing

1. Accepting Entries

- (a) Each rodeo shall have the option of accepting permits maximum in any or all events provided this is indicated on the application for rodeo approval. Two or more performance rodeos adding three thousand dollars (\$3,000) or less per event must accept permits in the major events.
- (b) Each rodeo shall have the option of accepting permits maximum in any or all events provided this is indicated on the application for rodeo approval. Two or more performance rodeos adding more than three thousand and one dollars (\$3,001) per event can accept permits in the major events. The following provisions shall apply:
 - i. Rodeo may stipulate the following parameters, (open, maximum, regional, maximum regional). When a maximum number is stipulated by the rodeo committee, a minimum of two (2) permits must be taken for each paid performance offered. A random draw for these positions will be made by CRES if permits maximum is exercised by the stock contractor and/or committee.

2. Official Entries

- (a) All rodeos in Canada will be official for CPRA standings for those who qualify subject to Section XI "A".

3. Performance Preference

- (a) All CPRA rodeos will accept performance preferences unless otherwise approved by the CPRA Board of Directors.
- (b) Generally, a rodeo shall be set up by that rodeo's primary stock contractor or a rodeo committee representative. However, if the primary stock contractor/rodeo committee representative has not contacted CRES within twenty (20) minutes of entry closing time, CRES will be allowed to set up the rodeo and draw positions, using CRES's discretion. Exceptions will be made only if the primary stock contractor/rodeo committee representative has made arrangements with the CRES office prior to entry opening time. The rodeo administrator shall have the authority to levy fines if the primary stock contractor/rodeo committee representative fails to return a call at a mutually agreed time.
- (c) Contestant shall indicate when they enter whether or not they have a preference for when they are up in the first go-round, and slack may be designated as a first (1st) preference, except at Canadian Rodeo Tour rodeos. However if no slack is scheduled contestants preference for slack will be invalid.
- (d) **SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT GO-ROUNDS**
Timed events: positions will be drawn with a priority preference given for the first go-round with positions reversed in the second go-round.
Riding events: Positions will be drawn for the subsequent go-round.
Trading positions in subsequent go-rounds: at performance-preference rodeos, positions in subsequent go-rounds may be traded by contestants upon obtaining a trade form from the arena secretary, and submitting said form to arena secretary prior to the specified deadline. Arena secretaries may trade a contestant into an open position created by a turnout or draw out, providing this is done prior to the time indicated below. A trade to an open

position, which would move a contestant from a performance to a section of slack will not be allowed.

Trade deadline - timed events: All trade forms must be submitted to the arena secretary by the end of the first go-round, except when a split performance ends a go-round the deadline shall be the end of the prior performance or section of slack.

Trade deadline - riding events: Trade forms must be submitted to the arena secretary prior to the stock draw.

Commencement of next go-round: a go-round must be finished before the next go-round starts, with the following exceptions:

- i. Re-rides in the riding events.
 - ii. Events with a go-round finishing and the next one starting during the same performance.
 - iii. Back to back.
- (e) Rodeo secretaries are required to post the Priority List in the rodeo office and have it remain posted therein throughout the rodeo, after which it shall be forwarded to the Association office, together with the results and copies of the printed programs for the rodeo.
- (f) At one go-round performance preference rodeos and at one go-round non-performance preference rodeos, contestants entered in more than one event shall get all of their stock on the same day (but not necessarily at the same performance), provided that this does not have the effect of lowering the priority of any other contestant.
- (g) Multi-event contestants have the option to enter with a split on events, in which case the foregoing may not apply.
- i. Contestants entering on a split may turn-out in one event and remain eligible for the remainder of their stock providing the arena secretary is notified and the judges are provided with positive proof that the contestant in question competed at a professional rodeo on the date of the turn-out.
 - ii. At a non-performance preference rodeo no preferences for position will be taken, with a draw for position to take place, except for those provisions set out in paragraph 7 herein, as it applies to one go-round non-performance preference rodeos.

4. Drawing Stock

(a) General

- i. All stock in contest events must be drawn by number by a judge or Association representative.
- ii. No contestant may compete on the same head of stock twice at any one rodeo in the same event.
- iii. Drawing must be conducted so that any entrant may witness the draw.
- iv. All stock must be drawn from a suitable receptacle or container other than a hat, i.e., a shoe box.
- v. All animal names and numbers must be written on cards that are identical in colour and size.
- vi. Receptacle containing numbers to be drawn must be held above the drawing individual's head and numbers shaken between each number drawn.
- vii. There must always be as many as four (4) copies made of the draw: one to be posted, one copy for each judge and one or more copies for the secretary's records.

- viii. In all riding events, a complete go-round must be drawn at one time.
- ix. Any animal drawn for a reride, but not used in that go-round, may be held out of the draw for rerides in the following go-round along with feature animals, but then will be returned for the go-round draw after the rerides have been drawn.
- x. Chutes will be drawn after stock is loaded in events where stock is not drawn by CRES
- xi. No animals will be drawn (doubled back) in the bare-back and saddle bronc events for the same day, and no bulls will be drawn (doubled back) for the same performance, including slack. The designated reride must be different from those animals out that given day or performance.
- xii. Stock contractors must have the necessary stock information for draw purposes to the CRES office by the time and date mutually agreed upon by the CRES manager and the stock contractor following the close of entries for the rodeo in question. If the stock contractor has not contacted CRES with the necessary stock lists by the mutually agreed time, and no prior arrangements have been made to receive the stock at a later time by the stock contractor, a two hundred (\$200) fine will be assessed for each offense. The fine will double for each offence in the same rodeo season. One (1) collect call will be accepted by CRES for stock contractors calling with their list.
- xiii. Stock contractor must submit stock for draw purposes one (1) week prior to the first performance date unless they are supplying stock at a CPRA rodeo the weekend before said rodeo.
- xiv. A charge of three hundred dollars (\$300) for one (1) rodeo and five hundred dollars (\$500) if two (2) rodeos are involved will be assessed the stock contractor(s) in question if riding event stock is not available for call-back and a separate call-back day is necessary just for stock. The rodeo committee in question must be agreeable to any delay in drawing stock.

(b) Placing Stock and Contestants and Split Performances

- i. No contestant will ride two (2) head in the same event during a performance, except for rerides.
 - (a) IF STOCK IS PLACED: In a performance where one go-round ends and another starts, if a contestant in riding events has two (2) head of stock drawn, a replacement for that contestant will be drawn out of remaining performances and positions will be traded.
 - (b) IF RIDERS' POSITIONS WERE DRAWN: If a go-round ends and the next one begins in the same performance, contestants finishing the go-round will be dropped off and will start the next performance with their next head of stock.
 - (c) Where there is an overflow run-off, and the committee requests that all contestants appear before the public, the contestants finishing the go-round will be dropped off and will start the next performance with their next head of stock.
 - (d) If there are three (3) go-rounds, position will be drawn again for the third go-round. If there are four (4) or more go-rounds, the original draw will be used with one performance's contestants dropped to the bottom

at the completion of each succeeding go-round.

- ii. If there are three (3) or more go-rounds in timed events and no return cattle, a specified number of high contestants may be held until the last performance. These contestants will be placed first, and position for the remaining contestants will be determined by CRES management. If there are three (3) or more go-rounds in riding events, a specified number of high contestants may be held until the last performance.
- (a) IF STOCK IS PLACED: Contestants not in the high position who draw animals placed, the last performance will be replaced by high position drawn from preceding performances of the go-round and positions will be traded.
- (b) IF RIDERS' POSITIONS WERE DRAWN: Contestants will be placed first and positions for remaining contestants will be determined by CRES management.
- (c) After positions are drawn for timed events, a list of these positions must be posted at the rodeo office.
- (d) In the riding events, positions will be drawn for each go-round. In timed events, positions will be drawn for first go-round then reversed for second go-round. If there are three (3) go-rounds, positions will be redrawn.
 - i. If a riding event contestant draws up in the slack for their first head of stock they will automatically be drawn into a performance for their second head.

SECTION VI - STOCK CONTRACTORS

A. General

1. All stock contractors supplying stock to Association approved rodeos must be a member in good standing or permit holder of the Association, and hold a current stock contractors card or stock contractor permit or timed event stock contractor permit.
 - (a) The individual or the designated manager of each firm, company or partnership who is a member stock contractor may purchase from the Association an annual stock contractor's card at a fee of five hundred and five dollars and twenty five cents (\$505.25) including GST, and is entitled to full membership status and benefits of the Association.
 - (b) The individual or the designated manager of each firm, company or partnership who is a permitted timed-event stock contractor may purchase from the Association an annual timed-event stock contractor permit at a fee of two hundred and fifty dollars and twenty five cents (\$255.25) including GST, and is entitled to permit status and permit benefits of the Association. The application must be endorsed by two (2) of the three (3) timed-event representatives (TDR, SW, TR).
 - (c) A current, full carded CPRA stock contractor is still eligible to supply timed-event cattle to an approved Association rodeo but the livestock must be approved by the CPRA event representative in question.
2. Upon establishing a contract for at least one new Association rodeo, the Association may issue a stock contractor permit to an applicant, for the current permit fee. Such permit will not exceed three (3) years for any given rodeo. A stock contractor permit does not entitle the holder to supply stock to the CFR.
3. Before a new stock contracting membership will be issued, the following provisions will apply:
 - (a) Applicant must provide the Association office with a list of a minimum of forty (40) head of proven, number branded bucking horses and twenty (20) proven, number branded bucking bulls. All animals must be branded with the registered brand of the applicant.
- (b) A new stock contractor must produce two (2) or more new Association rodeos with a minimum total added purse of sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000) in the six (6) major events and be maintained for three (3) years on a permit. These productions would be reviewed, and a card may be issued at the discretion of the Association Board of Directors. Upon issue of a CPRA stock contractor card the new stock contractor company must keep the two (2) new rodeos for the first (1st) year of full membership.
 - i. new stock contractor is on probation for a three (3) year period and at the end of each year the event representatives must do a report and evaluate the stock contractor
 - ii. new stock contractors may sub contract to current CPRA stock contractors while on probation
 - iii. new stock contractors may not bid on existing CPRA rodeos for three (3) years and, in turn, current CPRA stock contractors may not bid on the new rodeos brought into the CPRA by the new stock contractor for three (3) years
 - iv. new stock contractor may have stock at the CFR at the end of their third (3rd) year, provided they have maintained the two (2) rodeos (does not include special events) and sixty thousand dollar (\$60,000) purse requirement, but must pay the stock contractor initiation fee and purchase their full card prior to CFR
 - v. a new stock contractor may be kept on probation at the discretion of the Board if they are under the minimum two (2) rodeos and sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000) purse
 - vi. at a cost to the new stock contractor, animals and facilities are subject to inspection. Cost to be determined prior to the inspection process
 - vii. if all conditions of a new stock contractor are met, stock contractor will be eligible to vote after the three (3) year probation
 - viii. All new Association stock contractors productions will be assessed and membership status reviewed after a one (1) year period
 - ix. Any new Stock Contractor after being approved by the CPRA Board must pay an initiation fee of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) plus membership dues for the first year of membership.
4. Existing Association member stock contractors are subject to a "Grandfather" clause, which allows them to renew their stock contractor's card, as long as they continue to contract or sub contract. If inactive for one (1) year as a contractor, they will automatically be ineligible to hold a contractor card the following year.
5. All existing Association stock contractors must be the stock contractor listed first (1st) on two (2) Association approved rodeos each rodeo season to take stock to the CFR. One of which could be a CPRA sanctioned special event.
6. An individual or the designated manager of a firm, company or partnership may purchase from the Association an annual roughstock contractor permit at a fee of four-hundred and

fourteen dollars (\$414) plus GST where applicable, and is entitled to permit status and permit benefits of the Association.

- (a) Before an annual roughstock contractor permit will be issued, the following provisions will apply:
 - i. Applicant must provide the Association office with a list of a minimum of ten (10) head of proven number branded bucking horses, five (5) Bareback & five (5) Saddle bronc, and/or five (5) proven number branded bucking bulls. All animals must be branded with the registered brand of the applicant. The applicant must have proof of where the animals have been bucked in competition and copies of the judges' cards for back up if requested by the CPRA.
 - ii. The application must be endorsed by two (2) of the three (3) roughstock event representatives.
 - iii. The stock is subject to inspection by the Association, with the cost, to be determined prior to the inspection process, being borne by the Applicant.
- (b) Once a roughstock contractor permit has been issued, the following provisions will apply:
 - i. The permit holder may sub-contract to current Association approved Rodeos/Stock Contractors under the condition outlined in CPRA Rule –Section VI-A-7 as amended March 30, 2010.
 - ii. Stock must be approved by the Event Representative or Association Rodeo Administrator prior to entries being taken for the CPRA events that the stock will be used at. Permit holder's who submitted a list of only horses or only bulls on their permit application, may only sub-contract the type of animal submitted.
 - iii. An Association sanctioned rodeo will only be allowed to have thirty percent (30%) of the entire outs (re-rides included) provided by Roughstock Contactor Permit holders. Eg: 48 Bull riders entered requires 8 re-rides for a total of 56 outs. 16.8 animals can be Roughstock Contactor Permit holder's animals, rounded up to 17 head. A CPRA special event must have a CPRA full carded stock contractor as the main Contractor, the main must have a minimum of 10% the total outs at the special event.
 - iv. The permit holder's stock is not eligible for nomination or selection to the CFR.
 - v. Flankman, working for a roughstock contractor permit holder, shall purchase a Flankman permit at a fee of three hundred twelve dollars and eighty cents (\$312.80) plus GST where applicable, and is entitled to permit status and permit benefits of the Association. Flankman permit application form must be signed by a roughstock contractor permit holder. NOTE: If named person on roughstock contractor permit is same as Flankman, Flankman permit fee shall not apply.
7. Any stock contractor and/or rodeo committee, who for any particular reason, cannot obtain suitable stock at a reasonable price from a member stock contractor, must obtain permission from the rough stock representatives involved in the event if they wish to hire stock from a rough stock contractor permit holder. Failure to obtain permission will result in a five hundred dollar (\$500) fine for each offense. All stock used at CPRA sanctioned events must be supplied by member stock contractors, timed event stock contractor permit holders or rough stock contractor permit holders.
8. If stock contractor sells his business as a going concern, the stock contractor card will be issued to the new owner at the discretion of the Association Board of Directors. To be

considered a going concern, the sale must consist of a minimum of forty (40) head of proven, number branded bucking horses and twenty (20) head of proven, number branded bucking bulls that have been used at CPRA approved rodeos.

9. It will be the responsibility of the Association judges to provide and set up standard rodeo barrier equipment for the timed events. Stock Contractor/Committee to pay a one hundred dollar (\$100) fee per rodeo to the judges for this service. This will not apply where there is not a standard barrier set up or if management has hired a person to specifically look after the timed event end and the judges approve the equipment used.
 10. Nominations of stock for CFR are to be received by the Association office by August 15, stock selection by September 30, and injury substitutions are to be made by October 15 of the given year.
 - (a) Stock must carry the registered brand of the stock contracting firm who submits the bucking stock for nomination to the CFR, with the contractors doing the policing.
 11. Association stock contractors are required to include a clause in their contracts with any rodeo releasing them from the contract to work, appear or perform in the arena if the Association does not approve the rodeo.
 12. Stock contractors are required to have two bullfighters on hand for the bull riding, both during the performance and the slack. There must be either two carded bullfighters or one carded bullfighter and one permit bullfighter.
 13. A one hundred dollar (\$100) fine per performance will be assessed to the stock contractor if a suitable flag horse for the rodeo judges is not supplied.
- B. Livestock**
1. All rodeo livestock must be numbered and drawn for.
 - (a) As well as being brand numbered, suitable ear tags for all steers in the steer wrestling and team roping events shall be mandatory, and all calves used in the tie-down roping event shall have suitable numbered ear tags, no duplicate numbers are permitted.
 2. The Association Event Representatives or judges, must inspect all rodeo stock at a reasonable time before the start of the rodeo, and has the right to declare any stock unsatisfactory, and any stock so declared shall be taken from the draw.
 3. Any stock declared by the Association as unsatisfactory must be replaced. If animal is taken out of the draw because of injury, timed event cattle may not be used again for five (5) clear days and roughstock animals for ten (10) clear days.
 4. Rodeo livestock may not be worked in arena two (2) hours prior to any performance.
 5. Head fighting bulls having bad horns must be dehorned or kept out of the draw. No bull may be put in the draw until his horns have been tipped to no smaller than the size of a two dollar Canadian coin (toonie). If animal is put in a draw, the stock contractor will be fined two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250) for each offense, and the bull will be taken out of the draw. Fine will double with each offence thereafter.
 6. No yaks are allowed in the draw at any Association rodeo.
 7. It shall be the responsibility of the stock contractor to have the proper animal at the performance for which it was drawn, and if an animal is not available at the proper performance, the contestant:
 - (a) will get the first re-ride, or

- (b) may elect to draw out of the event and have their entry fees refunded, excluding CRES and associated fees, or
 - (c) may take the proper animal when available at a later date, if it is agreeable to both the contestant and the stock contractor.
8. Each stock contractor shall be required to supply sufficient and adequate livestock, both in quantity and quality, to put on a proper and acceptable rodeo, having regard to the expected number of entries, and should a stock contractor fail to do so he shall be subject to fine, suspension, or other disciplinary action by the Association. The required number of timed event cattle to produce a one head Association approved rodeo will be half enough plus two (2). E.g.: If there are fifty (50) contestants entered in a timed event the required number of cattle would be twenty-seven (27). Minimum number of cattle required for rodeos that have two (2) go-rounds in the tie-down roping, steer wrestling and team roping shall be 1/2 the number of entries. Failure to comply will result in a five hundred (\$500) dollar fine for each rodeo. If available, Mexican type cattle are to be used in the steer wrestling event (refer to rule E, 14, e).
- (a) All animals in the riding events must have been tried at least once as a bucking animal before being put into the draw. If requested stock contractor will be required to provide past performance of animal(s) in question.
 - (b) If the above is not complied with and contestant refuses stock, they will have the option of taking the reride. However, the stock contractor will be assessed a fine at the discretion of the Association Board of Directors and will include the amount of contestant entry fees, which will be reimbursed to the contestant. If the contestant elects to take the reride, fees will not be reimbursed.
9. Where it is necessary to have an overflow run or slack, it is the responsibility of the stock contractor to notify CRES as to the time, and provided further that, stock for the slack must be available so that slack can be started at the scheduled time. Failure to comply will result in a two hundred dollar (\$200) fine to stock contractor.
10. If an animal is shipped from a rodeo after it has been drawn in a riding event but before it has been ridden or after it has been drawn in a pen in a timed event, but before it has been out that time, the stock contractor will be subject to a two hundred dollar (\$200) fine.
11. A stock replacement list can be used for rodeos when stock is drawn for a second rodeo before the first rodeo takes place. The stock contractors will have the option to provide a spare list of two (2) animals per event, providing the re-rides and turned-out animals are used before the stock from the replacement list is used.
12. Any animal that consistently has to be pulled out of the chute must have a halter equipped with a ring on the side to run a light rope through, so that it can be removed without altering the bucking pattern of the animal. Once animal is clear of the chute, rope must be removed and animal can not be turned back by the person pulling it out.
13. Horses and bulls may be bucked at three (3) rodeos with a clipped or painted number, thereafter numbers must be branded. These numbers must be submitted for the draw, or the stock contractor submitting the stock will be assessed a fine of twenty-five dollars (\$25) per head.
- (a) A contestant may have his fees returned, excluding CRES and associated fees, or a reride drawn if their drawn animal does not have a eligible branded number or painted number as outlined in the rule book. There will be no duplicate numbers. In any case, the stock contractor or sub stock contractor will be fined fifty dollars (\$50) for the first

offence and one hundred dollars (\$100) for the second offence, if animals are not properly brand numbered as stated.

14. Name of roughstock animals must be in good taste. As a guide, consider rodeo as family rated. The Rodeo Administrator has the authority to request the stock contractor change an animals name that he considers to be in bad taste.

SECTION VII - RIDING EVENTS

A. General

1. Rider will be subject to a one hundred dollar (\$100) fine, escalating with each violation when, after he has been advised by the judge he is next to go, he is not above the animal with his glove on (if glove is used) when previous animal leaves the arena.
2. Each contestant in a horse riding event must have someone to turn his horse out, and the horse's halter must not be held.
3. Any unnecessary delays in the riding event will constitute a twenty-five dollar (\$25) fine, escalating with each violation.
4. Safety precautions must be taken when handling chute fighting animals. If an animal requires a cross-tie, the person and position of the cross-tie belongs to the rider. If an agreement to cross-tie the animal cannot be reached, refer to Rule B, 2, (h).

B. Rerides

1. Rerides may be awarded in all three (3) riding events.
 1. The matter of rerides shall be totally at the discretion of the judges; however, a reride must be awarded in the following situations:
 - (a) An animal fails to break (runs off) or stops during a ride.
 - (b) If the rider is fouled at the chute or in the arena, a reride may be given at the discretion of the judges, regardless if the rider declares himself.
 - (c) In the horse riding events, if the rider makes a qualified ride up until the flank comes off, the rider will be given an option of a re-ride.
 - (d) In the bull riding, if the rider makes a qualified ride until the flank comes off or the bull stops.
 - (e) If an animal deliberately throws itself or falls.
 - (f) If a rider makes two (2) honest attempts to get on a chute-fighting animal and is unable to do so.
 - (g) In the saddle bronc riding, if the halter breaks, but not if it comes off, a reride shall be awarded.
 - (h) If contestant and stock contractor cannot come to an agreement regarding cross-tying an animal or on the placement of rein; the judge will award a re-ride or the contestant has the option of getting entry fees refunded, excluding CRES and associated fees. All conflicts on handling livestock are to be taken to CPRA judges. Conflicts between livestock contractors and contestants recorded on CPRA officials' reports will constitute a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500).
 - (i) If a horse turns out backwards the contestant will receive a reride option.
3. At no time shall a reride or a rerun be given if the contestant's own equipment breaks or fails.

4. If a reride is awarded, the judges must have the mark and the fact that a reride has been awarded, announced, and in all cases the choice of accepting the mark or taking a reride is the contestant's, but if the contestant elects to a reride animal drawn for him, he must get on the reride or be disqualified.
5. If a reride is awarded, the contestant may take the same animal back, provided that the stock contractor and contestant is willing. If either do not agree, reride must come from reride pen.
6. A contestant can not ask for a reride.
7. Drawing Rerides

(a) In the three (3) riding events (bareback, saddle bronc, and bull riding) reride animals for each performance and each slack session will be drawn in the prescribed manner:

i. In the three (3) riding events (bareback, saddle bronc, and bull riding) one (1) reride animal for every six (6) contestants in each performance and each slack session will be drawn in the prescribed manner:

a) When the stock contractor submits their stock list to CRES, they will submit the branded number of one more animal for every six (6) contestants than is required to furnish each contestant in that performance or slack with an animal. When there are 18 or more contestants in a performance or slack, the stock contractor will submit four (4) more additional animals, or a number at the discretion of the event representative, than is required. Each stock contractor may feature a maximum of up to seventy percent (70%) of the animals in the draw, exempt from re-rides. Event representative has the ability to take undesired animal(s) off the feature list. The remaining animals will be put in a hopper and one (1) animal for every six (6) contestants per performance or slack session will be drawn as the designated re-ride animal(s) for each specific performance or slack, or

b) If, after all drawn re-rides and turned out stock are used, more re-rides are needed, it will be the responsibility of the judges to draw re-rides from a pen of animals which represents the animals used in any given performance agreeable to the stock contractor. All re-ride stock should be available during or immediately following the performance in which the re-ride was granted.

(b) If a reride is awarded, animals will be used in the order they are drawn at CRES. After all designated rerides are used, notified turn-outs will be used for rerides in the order they appear on the judges' card. Once all contestants have competed in a section, any non-notified turn-outs from that section may be used as rerides in that section or later sections.

i. The reride animal will be competed on during or following that performance or slack, or at a time mutually agreed to by both the stock contractor and contestant.

(c) Any stock in the original draw that is turned out, meaning not bucked either in competition or as an exhibition ride, automatically goes in the reride draw.

(d) If an animal fails to perform, a re-ride is awarded and the animal has already been drawn for another contestant in a later performance, the stock contractor can request that the judges draw another animal for that contestant, providing the judge and rodeo secretary are notified no later than thirty (30) minutes following the performance in question.

i. The animal that was taken out cannot be used for thir-

ty (30) days at an Association approved rodeo. Fine for failure to abide by this rule will result in a two hundred fifty dollar (\$250) fine.

(e) If an animal has been awarded once as a reride and is turned out (not accepted), it shall go to the bottom of the eligible reride list.

i. A turned out animal can only be drawn once as a reride. Thereafter, animal will be drawn out of the herd.

C. Judging

1. Ride and animal to be marked separately.
2. Mark the ride from one (1) to twenty-five (25) according to how much rider spurs the animal, and use the full spread. Half points can be used.
3. The animal is to be marked from one (1) to twenty-five (25), and use the full spread. Half points can be used. The animal is only to be marked if a qualified ride has been made.
4. To qualify, rider must have spurs over the break of the shoulders and touching horse when horse's front feet hit the ground the first jump out of the chute.
5. If a horse stalls coming out of the chute, either judge may tell rider to take his feet out of the horse's neck and first-jump qualification will then be waived.
6. Rider may be disqualified for not following judge's instructions to take feet from neck of horse stalled in the chute.
7. If, in the opinion of the judges, a rider is fouled at the gate, a reride may be given or the spurring out rule may be waived, at the judges' discretion; i.e. stock hiping itself or stumbling.
8. Judges must watch complete ride at all times (Even if rider is disqualified at gate).
9. One judge will use a stop watch, with the official time being the watch on the latch side of the chute. If a back judge is used in the bull riding, that judge will have the official time.
10. Association judges will use flags to indicate a violation of the spur-out rule and all other disqualification violations. Judges are to also indicate disqualification violations by already-established hand signals. This pertains to all rodeo events.

D. Saddle Bronc Riding

1. Horse to be furnished by the producer. Riding to be done with plain halter, one rope-rein, and standard Association saddle. Stock contractor may call on judges to pass on whether or not a saddle is standard.
2. Stock contractors must furnish their own halters and contestants must use them. Placing of buck rein, foreign material, fitness of halter, etc., subject to judges' approval.
 - (a) Standard halter must be used unless agreement is made by both contestant and stock contractor.
 - (b) If halter breaks during ride, rider shall be given a reride on the same horse, provided halter is not supplied by contestant.
3. Horses to be saddled in chute. Saddles may not be set too far ahead on horse's withers. Rider may cinch own saddle, or examine same, to determine if satisfactory. Either stock contractor or contestant shall have the right to call the judge to pass on whether or not horse is properly saddled and flanked to buck its best.
 - (a) Middle flank belongs to rider, but contractor may have rider put flank cinch behind curve of horse's belly. Flank

cinch may be hobbled.

- (b) Contestants may cinch saddle from either side.
- 4. No horses can be prodded.
- 5. To qualify, rider must have spurs over the break of the shoulders and touching horse when horse's front feet hit the ground first jump out of chute. One arm and hand must be free at all times.
- 6. Saddle bronc riding shall be timed for eight (8) seconds; time to start when animals inside front shoulder passes the plane of the chute.
- 7. Any of the following offences shall disqualify a rider: being bucked off; changing hands on rein; wrapping rein around hand; losing stirrup; touching animal, equipment or person with free hand; riding with locked rowels, or rowels that will lock on spurs; failing to follow judges' instructions when horse stalls in the chute; for using any substance except dry rosin on saddle or chaps; losing or dropping rein during ride.
- 8. Contest Saddle Specifications
 - (a) RIGGING: 3/4 double – front edge of D-ring must not pull further back than directly below centre of point of swell. Standard E-Z or ring type saddle must be used and cannot exceed five and three quarter inches (5-3/4") outside-width measurement.
 - (b) SWELL UNDERCUT: Not more than two inches (2") - one inch (1") on each side.
 - (c) GULLET: Not less than four inches (4") wide at centre of fork of covered saddle.
 - (d) TREE: Saddles must be built on standard tree.
 - (e) SPECIFICATIONS: Fork – fourteen inches (14") wide; height – nine inches (9") maximum; gullet – five and three quarter inches (5-3/4") wide; cantle – five inches (5") maximum height, fourteen inches (14") maximum width.
 - (f) Stirrup leathers must be hung over bars.
 - (g) Saddle should conform to the above measurements with a reasonable added thickness for leather covering.
 - (h) No freaks allowed.
 - (i) Cinches must be at least eight inches (8") wide.

E. Bareback Riding

- 1. Rigging shall be leather and shall not be more than ten (10) inches in width at the hand-hold and not over six (6) inches wide at the "D" ring. Latigo cannot be blocked in the "D" ring. Riggings will use a standard "D" ring to be set to sit flat on a horse's back when cinched. No freaks will be allowed. Only rawhide may be used under the body of the hand-hold. There will be no rawhide restrictions with the exception of no rawhide may be within one (1) inch of the back of the rigging body excluding the "D" ring wrap which may be no more than two (2) inches up from the bottom of the body. The rigging body must also be spread nine (9) inches apart at the back of the rigging four (4) inches down from the center. The handle bars under the rigging body must be tapered down to at least ¼ inch at the end of the handle bar.
 - (a) Rigging shall be leather and shall not be more than seven (7) inches in width top center, front to back and over six (6) inches at the "D" ring. There may be a concave inset at the center back of the body, not to be over one (1) inch deep and not over eight (8) inches in width. Rawhide may be used under the body of the hand-hold and tapered down the full length of the body to allow it to be wrap around

the "D" ring inset. Also, there may be full rawhide around the "D" ring inset not to be over four (4) inches in length.

- (b) No fiberglass or metal will be allowed in riggings or hand-holds. Only leather or rawhide is allowed for hand-hold with a maximum 3/4 inch of rawhide allowed. Flat-head rivets and/or screws and "t" nuts are allowed to secure hand-hold. The only other metal allowed will in the "D" rings.
- (c) Cinches on bareback riggings shall be made of mohair or neoprene and shall be at least eight (8) inches in width at the center, but may be tapered to accommodate cinch "D" rings. Latigos must be of leather only.
- (d) No quick trips are allowed on bareback riggings.
- 2. Required bareback pads are to completely cover the underside of the rigging and are to extend a full two (2) inches behind the rigging.
 - (a) Pads used under riggings must be leather-covered on both sides. No hair pads will be allowed. Only a high density foam pad, at least 3/4 inch thick will be allowed. In addition, the pad must have leather over the bars 3/16 inch thick extending at least 1/2 inch on either side and the back of the handle bars.
 - (b) In addition to the pad, a piece of leather a minimum of 3/16 inch thick and four (4) inches square must be glued or sewed to the pad, and centered in comparison to the total body length of the rigging. This piece of leather shall be placed so that 1/2 inch of it extends behind the rigging and the remaining two (2) inches are under the rigging.
- 3. Stock contractors will have the right to have judges pass on whether riggings and pads satisfy the requirements listed above. Judges shall determine whether pads are satisfactory. If judges rule the pads are not satisfactory, contestant will be warned for the first offence. Any offences thereafter shall result in immediate fifteen (15) day ineligibility.
- 4. The rider's glove will be a plain glove with no flaps, rolls, wedges or gimmicks. An extra piece of leather may be used at the base of the little finger only. It must be on the inside of the glove and is not to extend out from the seam more than 5/8 inch and can be no more than 5/8 inch thick.
 - (a) A palm piece may be used in glove, which will be at least one (1) inch wide and three (3) inches long, and will be glued in.
- 5. No horse can be prodded.
- 6. To qualify, rider must have spurs over the break of the shoulders and touching horse when horse's feet hit the ground the first jump out of the chute. Horses will be ridden eight (8) seconds; time to start when animal's inside front shoulder passes the plane of the chute.
- 7. There will be no tape or any other adhesive material or substance other than dry rosin used on riggings or rider's glove. Benzoin may be used.
- 8. Riders shall not take any kind of finger tuck or finger wrap.
- 9. Any of the following offences will disqualify a rider: riding with rowels too sharp in opinion of judges; being bucked off; touching animal, equipment, or person with free hand (one arm must be free at all times); or failing to follow judges' instructions when a horse stalls in the chute.
- 10. A one hundred dollar (\$100) fine will be imposed at the discretion of the judges and stock contractor or pick-up men for the bareback riders who are unable to free their hands

after the whistle. This infraction is to be sent to the Association office with the rodeo results and must be in writing on the judges' cards.

11. Novice bareback riders must have their horses cinched before putting their hand in the rigging.

F. Bull Riding

1. Riding to be done with one (1) hand and loose rope, with or without hand-hold; no knots or hitches to prevent rope from falling off bull when rider leaves it. Rope must have bell; no bell, no marking. Bell must be under belly of bull. Bull bells to be secured to the bull rope with one (1) common strap, maximum of two inches (2") from the top of the bell to the rope, with a maximum of two (2) standard bells on the bull rope.
2. No more than two (2) people may help pull contestant's rope. Rope may be pulled from either side.
 - (a) When adjusting rope, bull riding contestant will be allowed to pull rope no more than twice (2) if the bull is standing well in the chute. Failure to comply will result in a one hundred dollar (\$100) fine for each offence.
3. No wire or sharp metal to be used to lock rowels.
4. Contestant will have the right to call judges to pass on whether or not bull is properly flanked to buck to the best of its ability. If jerk flank is used, only three feet (3') of latigo can be left hanging after the bull is flanked. Failure to do so will result in a one hundred dollar (\$100) fine to the flankman, doubling each violation in a rodeo season.
5. No bull can be prodded except to load. Association judges will enforce this rule. If not complied with, or the rule is abused, there will be a two hundred and fifty dollar (\$250) fine per infraction.
 - (a) Striking an animal as it leaves the chute with any object will result in a two hundred and fifty dollar (\$250) fine, per infraction.
6. Bull will be ridden eight (8) seconds; time to start when animal's inside front shoulder passes the plane of the chute. If rider makes qualified ride with any part of rope in riding hand, they are to be marked.
7. Rider will be disqualified for any of the following offences: being bucked off; touching animal, equipment or person with free hand and/or arm; using sharp spurs; fouling animal by holding gate or intentionally leaving the chute with spurs hooked or lodged in the bull rope loop(s). One arm must be free at all times.
8. If bull fence is used in the bull riding, it must be solid enough for a person to climb, or raised high enough off the ground for a person to roll under (approximately 16 inches).
 - (a) Snow fences will not be allowed for bull fences or arena fences.

G. Steer Riding

1. Riding to be done with one (1) or two (2) hands and loose rope, with or without hand-hold; no knots or hitches to prevent rope from falling off steer when rider leaves it. Rope must have bell; no bell, no marking. Bell must be under belly of steer.
 - (a) If a contestant starts with one (1) hand they must finish with one (1). If they start with two (2) they may change to one (1), but then rides under the one (1) hand rule.
2. It is mandatory for steer riders to wear a protective vest and a CSA-approved helmet and face mask while competing in the steer riding.

3. No more than two (2) people may help pull contestant's rope. Rope may be pulled from either side.
 - (a) The rider shall not be allowed to reset and repull the rope more than two (2) times, if the animal is standing well in the chute.
4. Contestant will have the right to call judges to pass on whether or not steer is properly flanked to buck to the best of its ability.
5. Steer will be ridden eight (8) seconds; time to start when animal's inside front shoulder passes the plane of the chute. If rider makes qualified ride with any part of rope in riding hand, they are to be marked.
6. Rider will be disqualified for any of the following offences: being bucked off; touching animal with free hand; using sharp spurs; or fouling animal by holding gate.
 - (a) Contestant touching the animal with head is a disqualification.
7. If a qualified ride is made until the flank comes off, a reride shall be optional, but it need not be on the same animal. Neither bulls nor horned cattle shall be used in the event. Suitable cattle must be yearling steers, heifers or small cows, between seven hundred (700) to eleven hundred (1,100) pounds. If suitable cattle are not available, the event will be cancelled. If a steer riding is held at an Association approved rodeo, the event must fall under the guidelines of the Association.

H. Novice Bull Riding

1. All Bull Riding rules will apply in the Novice Bull Riding event.
2. No day money in the Novice Bull Riding
3. Permit holders under the age of twenty-one (21) years of age as of December 31 for the season in question are eligible to compete in the Novice Bull Riding. For example, for the 2010 season contestants must be under twenty-one (21) years of age on December 31, 2010.
4. It is mandatory for Novice Bull Riders to wear a protective vest while competing.
5. Contestants under the age of nineteen (19) at the time of competition must wear a CSA approved helmet and face shield.
6. The committee/contractor may limit the entries in the Novice Bull Riding. If limited, a random draw for the available positions will be made by CRES.
7. A minimum of six total entries must be accepted.

SECTION VIII - TIMED EVENTS

A. General

1. Stock in the timed events must be drawn by the flag judge or barrier judge not more than one and one-half (1 1/2) hours before the performance at the roping chute or the rodeo office.
 - (a) If a mistake is made in drawing timed event stock, redraw will be made from the mistake down.
2. In timed events, no drawn stock can be held over from one performance to the next, or overnight.
3. No pens of cattle may be drawn for more than one (1) day in advance.
 - (a) If the number of calves required for a rodeo is larger than the number used on the first day or days of that rodeo, then pens will be drawn for each day of the rodeo, and only the calves in the pen for a particular day will be tied.

4. Only calves and steers that are available for use for the first go-round can be put into the draw for the second or subsequent go-rounds.
5. In timed events, stock will be drawn one (1) run and one (1) go-round at a time, with the exception of a back-to-back run. All cattle in the draw will be run one (1) time before any cattle will be drawn for a second time. When, due to a split performance, this procedure becomes impossible, the draw will include cattle remaining that have been run the least number of times, provided however, that if there is enough animals to complete the performance, no stock will be run twice in the same performance. Immediately after a split performance, the draw will then revert to the cattle that have been run the least number of times. In case of re-runs, all cattle in the draw will be run one (1) time before being run twice, etc. Any animal drawn and not competed on shall be considered run, and if there are no reruns, animal shall be used for first extra. In case of crippled stock after the draw, contestant(s) who have drawn the crippled animal(s) will draw back at remaining cattle with the least number of runs (If spares were drawn they would automatically run the spare[s]). If it was the end of the run on the cattle, and no spares were drawn, they would draw back at the herd following the completion of that run).
6. In the timed events, if a contestant has advised the secretary that they will be turning out their stock, no stock will be drawn for this contestant.
7. In timed events, a complete go-round must be finished before any contestant can compete on their next head of stock, except for stock that must be brought back, or a back-to-back run.
8. The judges shall inspect all timed event stock and are empowered to cull unsatisfactory stock, provided that such culling must take place at a reasonable time before the rodeo starts.
9. An animal in the timed events of a rodeo may not be used in any way, other than in the contest events of that rodeo, until after the last time that animal has been used at the rodeo.
10. When it is necessary to make a cut in the cattle in timed events, culling shall be done as to keep the herd as even as possible.
11. During any performance, if an animal in the timed events escapes the chutes or pens before it is called for by the contestant, or if automatic barrier fails to work, the drawn spare will be used. If no spare is drawn, animal will be brought back.
12. Stock must run in order drawn, for slack and performance, except when it is necessary to make changes to avoid consecutive runs on the horse.
13. Any unnecessary delays in the timed events will constitute a one hundred dollar (\$100) fine, escalating with each violation.
14. If steer or calf is hindered from natural progression when gate is opened, the contestant shall be disqualified and the pusher be fined one hundred dollars (\$100) for the first offence, and progressing with each offence. Pusher will not leave, nor will any part of their body extrude past gate. This will be enforced by the barrier judge.
15. Any drawn timed event animal, which has been turned out, may only be run by a contestant who has already competed at that rodeo in question in that event.

B. Barrier and Scoreline

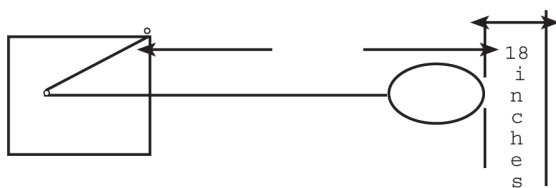
1. Automatic Barriers
 - (a) Automatic barriers must be used when barriers are required, and there must be a scoreline at the point where

the barrier trips.

- (b) Barrier equipment must be inspected by the judge before each timed event. If equipment is faulty, it must be replaced.
- (c) Barrier judge is responsible to change barrier string and see that neck rope is on properly, at the request of the contestant.
- (d) Barriers in the timed events must be a side-pull barrier with pulley and neck rope pulling from side of chute or horizontally. Neck ropes must be tied with string. No metal snaps or hardware shall be used on neck ropes in the timed events.
- (e) If the barrier neck rope flies up and hits the contestant or his rope, impairing him, the contestant may declare himself, and if so, must be given a rerun on a designated spare. A contestant shall so declare himself by not throwing his rope or by not attempting to get down on the steer.
- (f) Height of barrier in timed events shall be from thirty-two to thirty-six inches (32" to 36"), measured at the centre of the box.
- (g) In the timed events, any time a rerun is awarded the spare animal will be used. The spare animals will be drawn in the following manner: In all performances two (2) spares will be drawn for and designated as spares one (1) and two (2). In the slack when a complete run on the livestock is drawn, spares will be designated and used as follows: The last steer drawn will be spare one (1); the second last spare drawn will be spare two (2) and so on. If either of these spares are used, the contestant who has drawn the last steer will now have a redraw from the entire herd on the next run of cattle. In the slack when a complete run on the cattle is not completed and spares can be drawn, two (2) spares will be drawn and used in that order as required.
- (h) Any time a contestant is awarded a rerun due to being fouled by neck rope, barrier or other reasons that deem a rerun, contestant will be awarded the spare and the following will apply:
 - i. If contestant broke out on initial run, they will get the drawn spare animal back lap and tap plus the barrier penalty that was incurred on the initial run.
 - ii. If no barrier penalty was incurred on initial run, contestant will get the drawn spare animal back and barrier will be used.
 - iii. Rerun must be taken in same performance or same slack or a no-time will be awarded.
 - (a) If an animal fails to pull the barrier or break the neck rope; when time is officially started by the contestant or the animal, is the same, meaning: failure to pull the barrier, the animal did not go forward enough to trip the barrier or break the neck rope and the contestant breaks out; therefore time has been officially started by the contestant. Failure to break the neck rope; the animal went forward enough to trip the barrier but did not break the neck rope, the contestant gets out clean. In this case the animal has officially started the time. If the contestant breaks the barrier at this time, no re-run will be rewarded. Due to the fact a contestant cannot compete on an animal that is part of the barrier, this animal should be considered too weak and sulky (the animal has stopped or changed forward direction before the score line) compromising a fair and honest chance for the contestant to compete. This animal must be removed from the draw, for the

entire rodeo and future rodeos. (Failure to comply with this should result in a fine to the timed event contractor). This will be a re-run with no penalty to the contestant, using the drawn spare procedure.

- (b) However, a contestant (tie down roper, steer wrestler, hazer, header or heeler) must give the animal fair and honest start (the appropriate move at that rodeo). The contestant cannot purposely ride by the animal with the intent to stop or set up the animal before the score line.
2. Breaking Barrier
 - (a) A ten (10) second penalty will be added for breaking or beating the barrier.
 3. Barrier Failure
 - (a) In order for time to be considered official, barrier flag must operate.
 - (b) Barrier penalties will be assessed by the barrier judge. If barrier malfunctions, the judge, at their discretion, will assess or take off the ten (10) second penalty. If, in the judge's opinion, the barrier malfunction caused the contestant to be disqualified, the contestant will be awarded a rerun on the same animal.
 - (c) If automatic barrier fails to work and official time has not started, contestant will get a rerun on the drawn spare animal if a qualified run is made.
 - (d) If barrier fails to work and rerun is granted, contestant will take the rerun during or immediately after the same performance.
 4. Scoreline
 - (a) There shall be two (2) officials or more if the local management finds it necessary.
 - (b) Arena conditions will determine score. Length of score to be set by arena director and timed event director or representative, if present, subject to the conditions set forth herein, and subject to the approval of the judges.
 - (c) Once scoreline has been set in timed events, it will not be changed at the rodeo, nor can length of box be changed.
 - (d) The length of the scoreline must be determined one and a half (1 1/2) hours before the rodeo commences.
 - (e) The maximum tie-down roping and steer wrestling score will be five feet (5') less than the length of the barrier box, unless approved by the event representative.
 - (f) In the timed events, the box must be a minimum of sixteen feet (16').
 - (g) To measure correctly, put barrier up with pin in barrier ring, holding the pin in place, measure from post where barrier pin goes, to the point where barrier rope touches the ground. Set barrier line eighteen inches (18") beyond that point.



C. Field Flagger

1. When flagging timed events, field flagger must position themselves so as not to hinder contestant.
2. In any timed event, if an animal escapes from the arena, flag will be dropped and watches stopped. Contestants will get animal back with lap and tap start, and time already spent will be added to time used in qualifying. If rope is on animal, roper will get lap and tap with rope on it in the chute. If flag is not dropped or timer misses the flag and time is not recorded, contestant would get animal back lap and tap with ten (10) seconds to be added to this time, plus any barrier penalty incurred.

D. Tie-Down Roping

1. Contestant will be allowed only one (1) loop.
2. Animal belongs to contestant when they call for him, regardless of what happens, except cases of mechanical failure.
 - (a) Once the gate person opens the gate, they shall leave it open. Contestant will be disqualified if the gate is opened and then closed.
3. Contestant must adjust rope and reins in a manner that will prevent horse from dragging calf.
 - (a) If horse drags calf excessively, field judge may stop horse, and a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100) may be assessed by field flag judge and/or any director.
4. Contestant must receive no assistance of any kind from outside.
5. Rope may be dallied or tied hard and fast, and contestant must dismount, throw the calf by hand and cross and tie any three (3) feet with at least one (1) wrap and a half hitch. If calf is down when roper reaches it, the calf must be let up to his feet and thrown by hand. If roper's hand is on the calf when calf falls, calf is considered thrown by hand. Rope must hold calf until roper gets hand on calf. Tie must hold, and three (3) legs remain crossed and tied, until passed on by the judge, and roper must not touch calf after giving finish signal until the judge has completed their examination. If tie comes loose or calf gets to his feet before the tie has been ruled a fair one, the roper will be marked no time. The untie person/crew must not touch calf until signaled to do so by flag judge.
6. A one hundred dollar (\$100) fine will be assessed to tie-down ropers for obvious intentional jerk down, even though the calf does not go over backwards, as outlined in rule D. 8, d; the one hundred dollar (\$100) fine will be assessed if the contestant throws his slack straight in the air or makes no visible attempt to switch the calf to avoid a jerk down (to hold slack or throw it off to one side or another). Any intentional roughness to the calf that could be avoided will be dealt with under Section XII, sub-section A Rules to Ensure Humane Treatment of Livestock 1.
7. The field judge will pass on the tie of calves through use of the stop watch, timing six (6) seconds from the time the contestant has re-mounted and the rope horse steps forward and creates a minimum of two feet (2') of slack in the rope laying on the ground immediately in front of the tie down animals head. Rope will not be removed from calf and rope must remain slack until field judge has passed on the tie. In the event a contestant's catch rope is off a calf after completion of the tie, the six (6) second time period is to start when roper clears calf.
 - (a) Flagger must watch calf during the six (6) second period and will stop watch when a calf kicks free, using the time shown on the watch to determine whether calf was tied long enough to qualify. If at any time during the six (6) second period the roper causes the slack rope to be tightened the contestant will be disqualified and fines may be assessed.

- (b) Above rules (7 and 7a) will only be enforced at CPRA/PRCA approved rodeos in Canada. At any CPRA ONLY approved rodeo's the following will apply: The calf must stay tied until the roper has placed his foot in the stirrup to remount his horse.
8. Contestant will be disqualified or fined for the following:
- Roping the calf before barrier is released by the calf.
 - If contestant's feet touch the ground before horse has crossed the scoreline.
 - Contestant may not have calf lined beyond the scoreline. The judge and/or event representative will position liner in the tie-down roping event.
 - If a calf is jerked down by the horse with the first jerk of the rope which is used when the calf is caught, the contestant will be disqualified. A jerk down means that a calf is jerked over backwards between ten (10) and two (2) on a standard clock or between thirty (30) and one hundred and fifty (150) degrees. At a rodeo with three (3) or more judges, one (1) judge other than the flagman will call the jerk down rule. At a two (2) judge rodeo, the flagger will call the jerk down.
 - There will be a twenty-five (25) second elapsed time limit in the tie-down roping. A whistle indicating "no time" shall be blown by the timer at the end of the twenty-five (25) second span. If contestant is in the process of tying the calf, they may finish the tie but will receive no time.
 - Intentional running calf into the back fence or any roughness to the calf that could be avoided.
9. Where a rope horse is going to be used by more than one roper, calves must be run in such a way as to allow at least one (1) contestant to compete between runs on that horse. On failure to comply with this rule, contestant will be subject to a twenty five dollar (\$25) fine, escalating with each violation. (No successive runs will be allowed except in a finals.) After calves have been drawn the revised order of contestants must be given to chute help and rodeo announcer.
10. Calves for roping must weigh no less than two hundred and twenty (220) pounds and be strong and healthy. Maximum weight of each calf shall be two hundred and eighty (280) pounds, with the emphasis on uniformity. All tie down roping calves must be pre-conditioned. Pre-conditioned calves must be weaned, be the proper weight as outlined above, be roped and tied three (3) times prior to the rodeo and approved by the tie down roping representative.
11. Contestant must receive no assistance of any kind from outside. If the horse drags the calf at least five (5) feet, field judge may stop horse. Any drag in excess of ten (10) feet during the tie will result in a twenty-five (\$25) dollar fine. After the contestant has signaled for time until they remount, the fine for unintentionally dragging a calf ten (10) feet or more shall be one hundred (\$100) dollars. Intentionally dragging a calf, regardless of distance, shall result in a five hundred dollars (\$500) dollar fine for each offense and disqualification. Intentional shall be defined as caused by contestant.
12. Rerun on Calves
- Unless approved by the Board of Directors or tie down roping director, all calves at Association rodeos must be tied prior to the competition.
 - Where it is required, the stock contractor shall advise the judges that it is necessary to have calves tied down, and the contestants shall be responsible to tie the calves down, under the supervision of the judges. Calves must be finished being tied at least two (2) hours before the

start of a rodeo performance or the stock contractor has the right to refuse the tie-down ropers the right to tie the calves, provided that the calves are at the rodeo location in sufficient time prior to the rodeo to complete the tying before the start of the rodeo performance.

E. Steer Wrestling

- Contestant will not be required to compete on a crippled steer, or a steer with a broken horn. If contestant jumps a steer, they accept him as sound.
- Contestant will be disqualified if they attempt in any way to tamper with steers or chutes.
- Only one (1) hazer and two (2) horses may be used.
- After catching steer, wrestler must bring it to a stop and twist it down. If steer is turned back, it is considered to have stopped. If steer is thrown while still going ahead, it is not considered stopped.
 - If steer is knocked down or thrown down before being brought to a stop it must be let up on all four (4) feet and thrown. Steer will be considered down only when it is lying flat on its side or back, on the ground, all four (4) feet and head straight.
 - Wrestler must have hand on steer when flagged. The fairness of catch and throw will be left to the flagman, and their decision will be final.
- Steer wrestler is required to turn steer's head so he can get up upon completion of run.
- Hazer must not render any assistance to contestant while contestant is working with steer. Failure to observe this rule will disqualify contestant. Contestant and hazer must use the same two (2) horses they leave chute with.
- Ten (10) second penalty will be assessed in any case in which a flag judge rules that dogger's feet touch the ground before scoreline is crossed.
- Contestant will be disqualified for jumping steer before steer has released the barrier.
- Loose Steer - If a steer gets loose after wrestler has jumped from the horse, wrestler may take no more than one (1) step to catch steer.
- No penalty for breaking horn, but a rerun shall not be given to the contestant.
- Once the gate person opens the gate, they shall leave it open. If the gate is opened and then closed the contestant shall be disqualified.
- Where a steer wrestling horse is going to be used by more than one (1) contestant, steers must be run in such a way as to allow at least one (1) contestant to compete between runs on that horse. On failure to comply with this rule, contestant will be subject to a twenty-five dollar (\$25) fine, escalating with each violation. (No successive runs will be allowed, except in a finals.) After stock has been drawn, the revised order of contestants must be given to chute help and rodeo announcer.
- Where it is required, the stock contractor shall advise the judges that it is necessary steers be thrown down, and the contestants shall be responsible to throw the steers down, under the supervision of the judges. Steers must be finished being thrown at least two (2) hours before the start of a rodeo performance
- Steer Wrestling Cattle

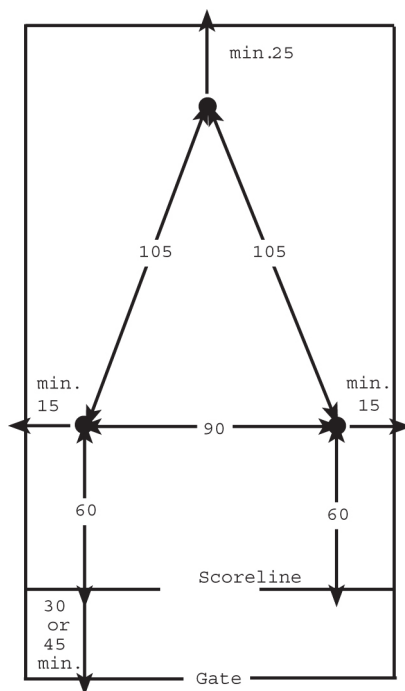
- (a) Any cattle that have been used cannot be held over from one (1) year to the next for use in steer wrestling, except as approved by the steer wrestling director.
- (b) Stock contractors will be expected to co-operate in trimming the horns of steers that are not able to pass through the steer wrestling chute.
- (c) A weight limit shall be placed on steer wrestling cattle: a minimum of four hundred and fifty (450) pounds, and a maximum of seven hundred (700) pounds with a suitable horn length, as approved by the steer wrestling representative. Once the steers have been approved, no steer will be removed from the draw because of horn length. However, the steer wrestling representative and/or judge has the authority to remove unsuitable animals from the draw.
- (d) All steer wrestling cattle used at more than one rodeo must be number branded on the left side and be approved by the steer wrestling representative thirty (30) days before the first rodeo the steers in question are to be used. Failure to do so will result in a two hundred dollar (\$200) fine, escalating one hundred dollars (\$100) a week to a maximum of five hundred dollars (\$500). If contractor does not comply at the first rodeo, the fine structure will remain in place at each following rodeo until suitable steers are approved.

SECTION IX - LADIES BARREL RACE

A. General

1. Any WPRA card holder is eligible to take out a CPRA ladies barrel race card.

B. Ladies Barrel Race Rules



1. Regulation barrel distances are: ninety feet (90') between barrel one (1) and two (2); one hundred and five feet (105') between barrel one (1) and three (3) and between barrel two (2) and three (3); and sixty feet (60') from barrels one (1) and two (2) to the scoreline. In smaller arenas, barrel three (3) should be no closer than twenty-five feet (25') to the end of the arena and

should be set not more than fifteen feet (15') longer than barrel one (1) and two (2). Barrels should be eighteen feet (18') from the sides of the arena, but in small arenas, they may be less. In no instance should they be less than fifteen feet (15').

- (a) This pattern must be a minimum of twenty five feet (25') off barrel three (3) to the fence and a minimum of fifteen feet (15') to the fence from barrels one (1) and two (2).
 - (b) In smaller arenas, as a guideline, add fifteen feet (15') to the distance from barrel one (1) to two (2) to get the measurement for the arc to barrel three (3).
2. The stopping distance is a minimum of forty-five feet (45') with a closed gate or thirty feet (30') with a safe, open centre alley.
 3. It will be the responsibility of the designated show reps to mark the pattern and submit the measurements to an Association judge or secretary. It will be the responsibility of the Association judges to check the barrel markers before each performance. The barrel markers must be permanently staked for each go-round. If timer is used, permanent timer markers must be staked.
 - (a) If any distances should be changed and discovered before the end of the performance, a rerun must be held immediately following the performance using the correct measurements. If not corrected, split monies must be paid.
 - (b) Barrels must be set to run in and out equally for left handed or right handed barrel racers, where safe and possible.
 4. If, at the judge's discretion, a ladies barrel race horse falls down during a paid performance or slack due to unsafe ground conditions each contestant in that section have the option, if the ground can be improved, to rerun or keep her recorded time, however the rodeo announcer must announce the fact that there will be a rerun in the ladies barrel race as soon as this information is available.
 5. Whenever split go-rounds are run, barrel distances must be measured with a measuring tape. When the barrels are being marked, a judge must be present to witness the figures used and recorded as the measurements to be turned in to the secretary and used the next day. The paper is to be signed by ladies barrel racers' designated show representative and judge, where possible. Failure to have barrels marked in the required time frame will constitute an automatic one hundred dollar (\$100) fine to the designated show representatives. If barrels are not properly marked at all, all ladies barrel race contestants up that performance or slack will be subject to a twenty-five dollar (\$25) fine.
 6. A horse can be ridden more than once in a go-round and/or performance by different ladies, but a contestant may only ride one (1) horse in a go-round (i.e. a contestant may change horses between go-rounds). When more than one contestant is riding the same horse, they may be traded within the same section but must trade down the section.
 7. Barrels are to be forty-five (45) gallon (202.5 litre) closed-end metal drums. Tires or thick rubber protectors are not to be used on barrels.
 8. Either barrel one (1) or two (2) may be taken first, but a contestant will be disqualified for not following the cloverleaf pattern.
 9. A contestant will be fined one hundred dollars (\$100) for not being ready to contest when called. Ill-mannered horses will cause the contestant to be disqualified at the Judge(s) discretion.
 10. A running or standing start can be used depending on the arena conditions, but in no case may a contestant cause any

unnecessary delay in starting the race.

- (a) If the gate is centrally located, the contestant must keep a forward motion at a pace faster than a walk toward the first barrel, and a forward motion when leaving the arena. If it is a side or corner gate, a spin or pivot is acceptable in either direction. Failure to do so will result in a one hundred dollar (\$100) fine.
11. When a contestant knocks over a barrel or goes off course, she must complete the course at race speed.
12. A contestant may, from a riding position, hold a barrel from falling.
13. A contestant may hang onto the saddle, or use both hands on the reins, if she so desires.
14. Arena gates are to be left open for all contestants, or closed for all contestants, during a race. The decision is to be made before the race starts by Ladies Barrel Racing Representative or her designate and the arena director, depending on the arena conditions. Recommended no vehicles or any person on horseback be allowed in the arena while the ladies barrel race is on.
15. Once the barrel markers have been placed, no practicing is allowed on the course marked. Contestants will be disqualified if this rule is not adhered to. For the purpose of practicing, barrels must be placed at least fifteen feet (15') away from the marker.
16. No contestant shall run a barrel pattern in the arena within one (1) hour of show time. Failure to comply with this rule will result in a one hundred dollar (\$100) fine.
17. Contestant's appearance must be neat, clean and professional. Any contestant whose appearance is deemed unprofessional will be fined at the discretion of the Judges or Event Representative. The fine will be one hundred dollars (\$100). Contestants must wear pants, long sleeved shirt, western hat, and western boots for all rodeo performances and slack.
18. Western equipment must be used. The snaffle bit will be accepted as western equipment.
19. The use of bats and spurs are allowed. Contestant will be fined one hundred dollars (\$100) for batting her horse above the shoulder (above the breast collar).
20. Where necessary, back-to-back runs will be allowed. This will be at the discretion of the CRES manager and the ladies barrel racing representative.
21. If contestant turns out her first run, she can still take her remaining runs and run for the go-round money only.
22. The ladies barrel racing event must be run on a horse or pony of any size, and ridden by a female only, as demonstrated by a copy of an original birth certificate.
23. There shall be no more than twelve (12) positions drawn for a performance or section of slack, unless there is a tractor drag after twelve (12) or less for the barrel race unless approved by the event representative.
24. Whenever possible, a finals must commence with the low barrel racer, with the exception of the Canadian Finals Rodeo or as approved by the CPRA Board of Directors.
25. When raking, turn-outs and releases will not be included in the count.
26. There will be a one hundred dollar (\$100) fine for not removing practice barrels.

27. There will be a one hundred dollar (\$100) fine for not raking in barrel holes after practicing.

C. Timing the Ladies Barrel Race

1. A five (5) second penalty will be assessed for each barrel knocked over.
2. Horses are to be timed on the nose, both at the start and finish of the race. The contestant must complete the race on the horse in order to have her time count.
3. If electric eye and back up times are missed, contestant shall be granted a re-run with no penalties assessed.
4. If there is obvious interference during a run, the contestant may take a rerun upon the judge's discretion.
5. Judges are required to flag the barrel racing event whether the electric timer is used or not. When the electric timer is used, judges shall watch to see that no one walks in front of the electric eye, and shall further make sure that each barrel racer completes the racing pattern properly. Once the eye has been broken the time has been started.
6. The electric timer must be used whenever available. Times are to be timed to the one-one hundredth (1/100) of a second. It must also be backed up by two (2) timers using watches to the tenth (10th) of a second. Both sets of times are to be recorded. When the electric timer is used, and a minority of the contestants are missed, the stop watch times plus "0" are to be used as the official times for the contestants missed (ex. 16.1 would become 16.10). Should the timer fail to operate for more than half of the contestants, then the stop watch times will be considered as the official times for all contestants in that go-round. All barrel races are required to be timed with no less than two (2) watches in tenths (1/10) of a second when the electric timer is not used. Manual time must be recorded and paid off in tenths (1/10) of a second.
7. All contestants must be flagged in and out and a time recorded. If a contestant is to be disqualified it will be done after their run has been completed and flagged.

SECTION X - OTHER EVENTS

A. Team Roping

1. Team roping will have an elected representative that will act as a spokesperson for the event and will sit on the rules committee.
2. Each contestant will be allowed one loop only at CPRA rodeos, regardless of the number of go-rounds.
3. The field judge shall drop the flag when the steer is roped by its head and heels, and both horses are facing the steer in line with ropes dallied and tight. The horses' front feet must be on the ground and the ropers must be mounted for the flag to drop. The steer must be standing up when roped by its head and heels.
4. The steer's body must be changed before the heel loop can be thrown. However, if the steer stops, it must only be moving forward for the heel loop to be legal. Any heel loop thrown in the switch will be considered a crossfire and no time will be recorded.
5. If a steer is roped by one horn, the roper is not allowed to use their hands to remove the loop or put the loop over the other horn or head.
6. If the heeler ropes a front foot or feet in the heel loop, this is a foul catch. Neither contestant may remove the front foot or feet from the loop by hand. However, should the front foot or

feet come out of the heel loop by the time the field judge drops their flag, the time will be official.

7. There will be only three legal head catches:
 - (a) Around both horns.
 - (b) Half a head.
 - (c) Around the neck.
8. The following shall be illegal head catches:
 - (a) If the hondo passes over one horn and the loop over the other.
 - (b) If the loop crosses itself in a head catch.
 - (c) If the loop is in the steer's mouth.
9. Any heel catch behind both shoulders is legal if the rope goes up heels.
10. Roping one hind foot receives a five-second penalty.
11. Any questions as to catches will be decided by the judges. If a field judge tells the header to hold the steer, so the field judge may inspect the head catch, and the header does not do so, the team may receive a "no-time".
12. There will be a 30-second elapsed time limit in the team roping. A whistle indicating "no time" shall be blown by the timer at the end of the 30-second span. This rule shall not apply to legal catches completed in less than 30 seconds but which, due to a penalty, are recorded as having taken more than 30 seconds.

SECTION XI - CANADIAN CHAMPIONSHIPS

The Association shall award the Canadian Professional Rodeo Association Canadian championship in each year for the all-around, high point, saddle bronc, bareback, bull riding, tie-down roping, steer wrestling, ladies barrel racing, team roping, novice saddle bronc, novice bareback and steer riding winners.

A. Eligibility

1. Persons who are members of the Association in good standing, and who qualify under one of the criteria set forth below, shall be eligible to compete for the Canadian Professional Rodeo Association Canadian Championships:
 - (a) Resident Canadian citizen; or
 - (b) Landed Canadian Immigrant who has provided the association with sufficient evidence of such and whose status has been approved by the CPRA Board of Directors or Rodeo Administrator.
 - (c) Non-Canadian Residents will be included in CPRA Standings. A maximum of five (5) non-Canadian Residents will be eligible for the Canadian Finals Rodeo and eligible to win a Canadian Championship if they have qualified the year finishing in the top twelve (12) in the standings.
2. Where, for the purposes of these rules a question arises as to the residency or citizenship status of a member, the Association shall determine the question and the Association's decision shall be final and binding.
 - a) Factors which may be considered:
 - i. birth certificate/ place of birth
 - ii. passport(s) held

- iii. statutory declaration confirming citizenship/residency
 - iv. Place(s) of employment
 - v. Jurisdiction where tax returns filed
3. All qualifiers for CFR must have competed at fifteen (15) regular season CPRA rodeos during the current season.
 - (a) Special events/contests shall not be applied to this count.
 - (b) Canadian Rodeo Tour Championship shall be applied to this count.
4. A member may request a "Medical Exemption" for the CFR, the following must apply:
 - (a) Must have earnings enough to qualify through Standings, but due to medical reasons was unable to compete at the required number of rodeos.
 - (b) Must have competed at 50% of the rodeos up to the time of injury.
 - (c) Provide the office with proper documentation
 - (d) Must have board approval.

B. Canadian Finals Rodeo

Whereas the Association ratified an agreement with Northlands Park in November of 2004 providing for the staging of a Canadian Finals Rodeo (CFR), annually at which the Canadian championships will be determined in those events held at the CFR.

The following are the rules for determining such championships at the CFR:

1. That a specified number of the top point earners, in the Canadian final standings, for the current rodeo season, which shall end not later than twenty one (21) days prior to the start of the Canadian Finals Rodeo, in each of the six (6) major events, and such other events as may be included at the Canadian Finals Rodeo, shall be eligible to compete for the Canadian championships at the Canadian Finals Rodeo.
2. The Canadian Finals Rodeo qualifiers shall carry previous earnings into the CFR.
3. The Association all-around championship will be decided based on the season and CFR combined earnings. To be eligible for the all-around standings during the season a contestant must place at three (3) separate rodeos in a riding event and three (3) separate rodeos in a timed event. It is not necessary that those eligible for the all-around championship qualify for the Canadian Finals Rodeo to win the championship.
4. To be eligible for the high-point standings, a contestant must have placed at three (3) separate rodeos in any two (2) of the following events saddle bronc riding, bareback riding, bull riding, tie-down roping and steer wrestling, at which time all points earned in all of the following events saddle bronc riding, bareback riding, bull riding, tie-down roping and steer wrestling shall count toward his Canadian finalist high-point standings.
5. The Association may establish such other ground rules as may be necessarily advisable for the proper functioning of the Canadian Finals Rodeo.
6. No competing in other rodeo events during CFR. Contestants may not compete at a rodeo or rodeo event other than CFR from the first day of the CFR through, and including, the last day of CFR. If a contestant does compete in a rodeo event other

than the CFR during the time span indicated above he/she will immediately be disqualified from the CFR, will forfeit any prize money, bonus money, awards and will be fined \$2,500.

Prize money and awards forfeited will be awarded to next eligible contestant(s) and included in their totals.

C. Canadian Finalist Standings

In order to determine those eligible to compete at the Canadian Finals Rodeo, and to determine the Canadian champions in those events not held at the Canadian Finals Rodeo, the following rules with respect to point awards shall apply:

1. One point shall be given for each dollar (\$1) of purse and entry fee money won in each major, and optional event.
2. Approved rodeos and special events shall be the only rodeos or contests at which points shall be awarded by the Association for Canadian finalist or championship standings.
 - (a) All-around and high-point earnings will only be earned at approved rodeos. Special events are excluded.
3. A go-round must be completed in an event before points will be awarded in that event.
4. No points shall be awarded for any monies won by a split of any money among the total entry in an event. (Often referred to as "ground money".)
5. Points will be awarded at a postponed or rescheduled rodeo.
6. To be eligible to have points awarded in the all-around finalist standings, a contestant must have placed at three (3) separate rodeos in a riding event and at three (3) separate rodeos in tie-down roping or steer wrestling, at which time all points earned in all of the following events: saddle bronc riding, bareback riding, bull riding, tie-down roping and steer wrestling will count toward his Canadian finalist all-around standing.
7. To be eligible for the high-point standings, a contestant must have placed at three (3) separate rodeos in any two (2) of the following events, saddle bronc riding, bareback riding, bull riding, tie-down roping and steer wrestling at which time all points earned in the following events saddle bronc riding, bareback riding, bull riding, tie-down roping and steer wrestling shall count toward his Canadian finalist high-point standings.

D. Permit Award

1. A trophy will be awarded to the permit holder accumulating the most points in a regular rodeo season. If contestant exceeds the allowed maximum as a permit holder, and turns in their permit for a membership, their points will continue to count toward the permit trophy. Points in all of the major events will count for this trophy at the end of the regular season.
2. Only permit holders who have filled their permits are eligible to have points count toward permit trophy after they take out a membership card. A contestant is only eligible to win a permit award once.

E. Novice Award

1. The Canadian Professional Rodeo Association novice saddle bronc riding and novice bareback riding championship will be awarded each year to the contestant who is twenty-one (21) or under and has won the most money in the novice bronc riding or novice bareback riding at Association approved rodeos in a single season, including the CFR.
2. The Association will also declare a novice bull riding champion. The same conditions and regulations will apply as in the novice saddle bronc riding and novice bareback riding events.

F. Rookie of the Year

1. Rookie of the year shall be defined as that first-year member contestant winning the most money in one (1) or more of the major events in a regular rodeo season.
2. Any permit or rookie card holder can only win permit or rookie award once.

G. Presentation of Awards Banquet

1. If an annual banquet is held, the following guidelines will apply:
 - (a) The only presentations which will be made at the banquet will be those of the Association.
 - (b) Any contestant winning a trophy is expected to be at the presentation. If they are not present without a legitimate excuse, donor has the right to present the award to the runner up or hold it over until the next year. Each trophy winner is expected to show their appreciation by written thanks to the donor.
 - (c) Trophy buckles will be of a standard design.

H. Stock of the Year Awards

Saddle Bronc of the Year
Bareback Horse of the Year
Bull of the Year

1. The Canadian Professional Rodeo Association saddle bronc, bareback horse and bull of the year awards will go to the stock contractor(s) owning the animal that is declared the recipient.
2. Only Canadian stock contractors are eligible for the stock of the year awards.
3. Each Canadian stock contractor will nominate up to three (3) animals, and the nominations must be received in the Association office before September 1st of each year. A ballot will be mailed to the top fifteen (15) contestants in the standings following the September Labour Day weekend of each year. Each member receiving a ballot may make their first, second, and third choice. Points will be awarded to the animal based on three (3) points for first, two (2) points for second and one (1) point for third. The animal receiving the most points will be declared animal of the year. In case of a tie, the animal receiving the most first place votes would be declared the winner. If necessary, second and third place votes would be used to break the tie.

I. Best Bucking Animals of the CFR

1. All bucking stock at the CFR will be eligible for stock of the CFR awards, and will be determined by a vote of the stock contractors and competing contestants based on the same voting procedures as stock of the year awards.
2. Bucking stock must be in an approved CPRA rodeo draw three (3) times to qualify to be eligible to compete at the CFR.

SECTION XII - MISCELLANEOUS

A. Rules to Ensure Humane Treatment of Livestock

Note: Rules applying to specific events will be found in those sections.

1. "Any intentional abuse to an animal first (1st) offence - two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250), second (2nd) offence - five hundred dollars (\$500), third (3rd) offence - one thousand dollars (\$1,000), any further offence will be reviewed by the Board of Directors. Offences are cumulative over the course of a contestant's career.
2. Animals for all events will be inspected before the draw and no sore, lame, sick or injured animal or animals with defective eyesight shall be permitted in the draw at any time. Should an

animal become sick or be injured between the time it is drawn and the time it is scheduled to be used in competition, that animal shall not be used in competition and another animal shall be drawn for the contestant as provided in the Association rule book. If animal is taken out of the draw because of injury, it may not be bucked again for ten (10) clear days. An official veterinarian shall be available at all times.

3. No whips or cattle prods to be used in the bucking chutes, timed event boxes or arena during performance or slack.
4. A conveyance must be available to remove animals from arena in case of injury.
5. No stimulants or hypnotics to be used, or given any animal used for contest purposes.
6. Chutes must be so constructed as to prevent injury to stock. Maintenance people and equipment shall be stationed at chutes to assist in removal of any animal should it become caught. The arena must be free of rocks, holes, and obstacles.
7. No small animals or pets allowed in arena where restraint is necessary, or subject to injury or attack by another animal.
8. Livestock to be removed from arena after completion of entry in contest.
9. Experienced livestock handlers are to be used to untie calves after completion of contest. Field flagman will remove unacceptable personnel if necessary.
10. Use of fireworks to frighten animals is prohibited.
11. Rodeo clowns will not be allowed the use of shotgun or explosives in an indoor arena unless approved by the rodeo committee or an Association director.
12. Clowns are not to abuse stock in any fashion.
13. Association rule under Contestant Disqualification: "Contestant will be disqualified for any mistreatment of livestock."
14. An Association representative may make a random check at any rodeo on any animal at any time.
15. No locked rowels or rowels that will lock on spurs or sharpened spurs may be used on bareback horses or saddle broncs.
16. No sharp or cutting objects in cinch, saddle girths, or flank straps shall be permitted. Only sheepskin-lined flanking straps shall be used on bucking stock and shall be of the quick-release type.
17. Unless specified, fines related to animal welfare rules will be set by the Board of Directors.

B. Finals at Season Rodeos

1. General

- (a) Where finals are to be held, it must be listed on the prize list when submitted to the Association office, with the amount of the purse.
- (b) Whenever a final event is advertised by management, the number of contestants advertised to compete in the event will do so regardless of standing in rotation.
- (c) Finals may be held in the six (6) major events and the one (1) major optional event. Rodeo committees may have a finals in one (1) or more events subject to the approval of the CPRA Board of Directors. In each case, the number of contestants in the finals will be determined by the CPRA Board of Directors.

- (d) When total purse per event exceeds two thousand dollars (\$2,000) and finals are held, the Association Board of Directors may negotiate with stock contractor and committee as to the number of contestants to compete in the finals.
- (e) The number of contestants to compete in the finals must be posted in the rodeo office before the first performance.
- (f) Wherever possible, finals must commence with the low contestant.
- (g) In any final ride, contestants may draw their own animals in the presence of judges, if management desires.
- (h) Where finals are held, contestant must notify rodeo secretary before draw is made if they will not be available to compete in finals, and the next high contestant will qualify, and to continue in that fashion until all positions are filled.
- (i) If there are fewer contestants scheduled to compete in a short go than there are monies paid in the aggregate, the unearned aggregate monies will be added to the short go payoff. i.e., If ten (10) monies are paid in the aggregate and only eight (8) contestants are scheduled to compete, ninth (9th) and tenth (10th) monies would be added to the short go payoff.

2. Finals Stock

- (a) All stock used in a finals in the riding events will be selected by the stock contractor and event representative. However, in the case of unsatisfactory stock, the stock contractor will be expected to co-operate with judges and/or event representatives in replacing unsatisfactory stock.
- (b) All final stock in riding events must be posted in the rodeo office before the start of the last complete go-round.
- (c) Unless approved otherwise by the event representative, prior to the draw for the rodeo in question, only those animals submitted for preceding go-rounds will be eligible for the rodeo finals.
- (d) When a final head is to be ridden in the riding events, at least two (2) head must be drawn or set for rerides by the event representative or designated field representative.
- (e) In a finals notified turn outs in the rough stock events will automatically be placed at the top of the eligible ride pen in the order they are received.
- (f) All timed event cattle competed on at a rodeo by finalists will be used when drawing for final head. If more stock is needed, the necessary stock will be the stock on which the next fastest times were made and added to the final draw.

3. Turning Out Finals Stock

- (a) If contestant fails to notify secretary before draw is made that they will not be available to compete in finals, and final stock is drawn for them, they will be assessed a one hundred dollar (\$100) fine. In this instance the next eligible contestant that is available will be moved into the vacant position.
- (b) If a contestant is available and turns out stock that is drawn for them, they will be assessed a two hundred and fifty dollar (\$250) fine.



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